



MarkVCID Paper Case Report Form Initial Completion Guidelines

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By the MarkVCID Clinical Data, Physiological Data & Cognitive Assessments Subcommittee (Deborah Blacker, MD, ScD, Chair) and Coordinating Center (PI Steven Greenberg, MD, PhD).

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	MarkvCID Paper CRF Package Co	mpletion Guidelines
Su	ubject Number: Subject Initials:	
	it Date:/ Evaluator Initials:	
	udy Visit:	
	DEMOGRAPHICS AND RELAT	TED ELEMENTS
	Date of Birth: / / (MM/	DD/YYYY)
	NOTE: DOB is only entered in the registration age. DOB is not saved in the	
	Date of Collection: / (MM/DD/YYYY)
	1. Sex:	
	2. Does the subject report being of Hispanic/Latino mainly Spanish-speaking Latin American country	
	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown	
	Ask the subject (or co-participant, if necessary) wheth ethnicity to be Hispanic/Latino	er the subject considers her/his

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Sı	ıbject Number:	Subject Initials:
	sit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
St	udy Visit:	
	2a. If yes, what are the subject's reported origin	ns?
	Mexican, Chicano, or Mexican-American	
	☐ Puerto Rican	
	☐ Cuban	
	☐ Dominican	
	Central American	
	South American	
	Other (specify):	
	Unknown	
	Ask the subject (or co-participant, if necessary) what origins to be. Read or show the choices, if required, an category choice.	,
	Select Mexican, Chicano, or Mexican-American if the Mexico.	ne subject reports having origins in
	Select Puerto Rican if the subject reports having orig	ins in Puerto Rico.
	Select Cuban if the subject reports having origins in C	uba.
	Select Dominican if the subject reports having origin	s in the Dominican Republic.
	Select Central American if the subject reports having Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, or Panan	
	Select South American if the subject reports having of Colombia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, or Vene	
	Select Other (specify) if the subject reports origins of options above and enter the origin in the space provide	
	Select Unknown only if the subject or co-participant is subject's origins.	is unable or unwilling to identify the

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Sı	ıbject Number:	Subject Initials:
Vi	sit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
St	udy Visit:	
	3. What does the subject report as his or her race? White	
	Black or African American	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	
	☐ Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	
	Asian	
	Other (specify):	
	Unknown	
	Ask the subject (or, if necessary, the co-participant) we to be. NIH defines race and Hispanic ethnicity separate "Hispanic" or the subject's specific Hispanic origins (e. Instead, be sure to indicate Hispanic ethnicity in the post identify a race and identifies only as Hispanic, selectorices and allow only one category choice. There will record other applicable race categories in the following	ely; therefore, please do not enter g., Mexico) as the subject's race. revious question. If the subject will ect Unknown . Read or show the l be an opportunity to
	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander includes Chamorro, Samoan, or other Pacific Islander.	Native Hawaiian, Guamanian or
	Asian includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japane. Asian.	se, Korean, Vietnamese, or other
	If you select Other (specify) , specify if the subject repabove, and enter the race in the space provided. If the race as multiracial, select Other (specify) , and specify	subject prefers to report her/his
	Select Unknown only if the subject or co-participant is subject's race.	is unable or unwilling to identify the

Figure 012 Tuper off Tueringe 00	mpiction duidennes
Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
/isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	
4. What additional race does the subject report? White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander Asian Other (specify): None reported Unknown	
If the subject or co-participant reports an additional rethat corresponds to this additional race. Do not record in the previous question. Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander and Asia	d a race that was already provided
question. Soloct Other (specify) if the subject or congressionant	reports an additional race other
Select Other (specify) if the subject or co-participant than those listed above and enter the race in the space	_
Select None reported if the subject or co-participant subject beyond what was reported in the previous que	
Select Unknown if the subject or co-participant repor additional race but is unable or unwilling to identify i	-

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ubject Number:	Subject Initials:
/isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
tudy Visit:	
5. What additional race, beyond those reported abo White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander Asian Other (specify):	
☐ Unknown	
If the subject or co-participant reports an additional rethat corresponds to this additional race. Do not record in the previous two questions.	-
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander and Asia questions.	an : See inclusion list for previous
Select Other (specify) if the subject or co-participant than those listed above and enter the race in the space	-
Select None reported if the subject or co-participant subject beyond what was reported in the previous two	•
Select Unknown if the subject or co-participant repor additional race but is unable or unwilling to identify in	,

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Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date: / /	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	
6. Subject's primary language:	
☐ English	
Spanish	
☐ Mandarin	
☐ Cantonese	
Russian	
☐ Japanese	
Other primary language (specify):	
Unknown	
Record the language that the subject (or co-particion main language — i.e., the language that s/he speak	
Select Other primary language (specify) if the suprimary language other than those described, and provided.	
Select Unknown only if the subject or co-participal subject's primary language.	nt is unable or unwilling to identify the
6b. If English is not the subject's primary languag	e, is the subject fluent in English?
☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown	

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Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
/isit Date:///	Evaluator Initials:
tudy Visit:	
7. Is the subject left- or right-handed (for to write or throw a ball)? Left-handed Right-handed Ambidextrous Unknown	or example, which hand would s/he normally use
subject, as indicated by the subject or co-	ets the hand(s) used most predominantly by the participant. Sparticipant is unable or unwilling to identify the
8. Subject's current marital status:	
☐ Married ☐ N	lever married (or marriage was annulled)
☐ Widowed ☐ L	iving as married/domestic partner
☐ Divorced ☐ U	nknown
Separated	
Select the box for the category that most marital status.	accurately describes the subject's current
Living as married may be applied to eit	her heterosexual or same-sex relationships.
Select Unknown only if the subject or cothe subject's marital status.	participant is unable or unwilling to identify

	Figure 012 ruper off ruenage do	mprecion duractines
Subj	ect Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit	t Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Stud	ly Visit:	
9	. What is the subject's living situation?	
	Lives with one other person: a spouse or par	tner
	Lives with one other person: a relative, friend	d, or roommate
	Lives with caregiver who is not spouse/partr	ner, relative, or friend
	\square Lives with a group (related or not related) in	a private residence
	Lives in group home (e.g., assisted living, nur	rsing home, convent)
	Unknown	
	elect the box for the category most accurately descri	bes the subject's current living
	elect Unknown only if the subject or co-participant i	is unable or unwilling to identify

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Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date: / /	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	
10. What is the subject's level of independence?	
☐ Able to live independently	
Requires some assistance with complex act	ivities
Requires some assistance with basic activit	ies
Completely dependent	
Unknown	
Select the box for the category that most accurately	
subject is able to do. If the subject or co-participant	,
perform complex activities but is not doing the activities situation, the subject is still considered to be able to	, ,
	•
Select Requires some assistance with complex ac	, ,
in accustomed complex abilities (e.g., paying bills, sh	opping, remembering
appointments, driving, cooking).	
Select Requires some assistance with basic activi accustomed basic abilities (e.g., eating, dressing, per	, ,
Select Completely dependent if subject is unable to living.	perform basic activities of daily
Select Unknown only if the subject or co-participan	t is unable or unwilling to identify the
subject's living situation.	0 ,,
11. ZIP Code (first three digits) of subject's primar	y residence: Unknown
Provide the first three digits of the subject's ZIP Code	e. If the ZIP Code is unknown, select
Unknown checkbox.	·

ubject Number:	Subject Initials:
isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
tudy Visit:	
12. Occupation during most of working career:	
12. Occupation during most of working career:	
Occupation Category Number:	_
Occupation:	
If other, specify:	
Using the Hollingshead Index found in the appendix, fasubject's occupation, based on their skill level and exp select the occupation that most closely corresponds to a suitable occupation is not listed, select the If Other , appropriate category, and record the occupation in the	erience. Then, within that category, the subject's reported occupation. If specify option within the
13. Subject's years of education — use the codes if an attempted level is not completed, enter the nur	•
completed: Unknown	inder of years
(12 = high school or GED, 16 = bachelor's degree, 18	3 = master's degree, 20 = doctorate)
This question refers to achieved educational levels, ratook to complete that level. Use the following to describing school or GED = 12 years, bachelor's degree = 16 doctorate = 20 years.	ibe achieved educational levels:
If the subject has not completed a level, enter the tota completed toward that level.	l number of years of education
Examples: If the subject attended school for eight year enter "08". If the subject completed 17.5 years of school did not complete an attempted master's degree, enter attended school for 17.5 years to earn a bachelor's degintended level of achievement, then enter "16".) If the years to earn a PhD, enter "20" to indicate the achieve	ol and earned a bachelor's degree but "17". (However, if the subject gree and that was the subject attended school for 25
If the subject or co-participant is unable or unwilling checkbox for 'Unknown.'	to answer the question, select the

ject Number: Subject Initials:				
dy Visit:				
MEDICAL/NEUROLOGICAL/PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY				
Date of Collection: / / (MM/DD/YYYY)				
HISTORY OF CIGARETTE SMOKING				
	No	Yes	Unknown	
1. Has the subject smoked within the last 30 days?				
2. Has the subject smoked more than 100 cigarettes in her/his life?				
If No or Unknown , skip to	Cardiovasculo	a r Disease sectio	on	
2a. Total years smoked: [0-8	7] 🔲 t	Jnknown		
If the exact number of years smo participant to estimate. If he/she				
2b. Average number of packs smok				
☐ ½ pack to less than 1 pac	ck			
☐ 1 pack to less than 1½ packs				
☐ 1 pack to less than 1½ pa	acks			
\square 1 pack to less than 1½ packs to less than 2 p				
_ ^				
1½ packs to less than 2 p				
☐ 1½ packs to less than 2 p	oacks	e at which he/sh	e last smoked	

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

For the sections below, record the presence or absence of a **history** of these conditions at this visit, as determined by the clinician's best judgment following the medical history interview with the subject and informant. A condition should be considered.... Absent ΙF ... it is not indicated by information obtained from the subject and co-participant interview. ΙF ... it happened within the last year or still Recent/active requires active management and is consistent with information obtained from the subject and co-participant interview. Remote/inactive IF ... it existed or occurred in the past (more than one year ago) but was resolved or there is no treatment currently under way. Unknown IF ... there is insufficient information available

from the subject and co-participant interview.

	RDIOVASCULAR SEASE	Absent	Recent/active	Remote/inactive	Unknown
1.	Heart attack/cardiac arrest				
	If not Absent or Unl	known:			
	1a. More than one he ☐ No	eart attack?			
	☐ Yes				
	Unknown				
	1b. Age at most recer	nt heart attack	:	Unknown	
If the exact age is unknown, ask the subject and/or co-participant to estimate. If					
	he/she cannot estima	ite, select Unkr	nown checkbox.	T	
		Absent	Recent/active	Remote/inactive	Unknown
2.	Atrial fibrillation				
3.	Angioplasty/ endarterectomy/ stent				
4.	Cardiac bypass procedure				
5.	Pacemaker and/or defibrillator				
6.	Congestive heart failure				
7.	Angina				
8.	Heart valve replacement or repair				

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Initials: ____ ___ Subject Number: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ Evaluator Initials: ____ ___ Visit Date: ____ / ___ / ___ __ ___ **Study Visit:** For Questions 9-11, ask whether the subject has any cardiovascular disease other than those listed in Questions 1-8. If no, select **Absent**. If yes, record the condition in the space provided and select the appropriate box to specify whether **Recent/active** or **Remote/inactive**. Absent Recent/active Remote/inactive Unknown 9. Other cardiovascular disease (specify): (enter 'N/A' if absent) 10. Other cardiovascular disease (specify): (enter 'N/A' if absent)

11. Other cardiovascular disease (specify): (enter 'N/A' if absent)

Subject Number:			Subject Initials:				
Visit Date:	_//		Evaluator Init	tials:			
Study Visit:							
CEDEDDOVACCI	II AD IIICTOD	X /					
History of Sympt							
	History of Symptomatic Stroke/ Acute Vascular Event? No Yes Unknown						
This question is focused on reported history of stroke. Include stroke reported during the interview with the subject and/or co-participant. Imaging evidence of a stroke or evidence from a physical exam are not required as this question is focused on reported history. For 'Age at Event', if the exact age is unknown, ask the subject and/or co-participant to estimate. If s/he cannot estimate, select Unknown checkbox. To answer whether the event is temporally associated with persistent worsening of cognition, temporal relationship is defined in two ways: either 1) when the event occurred, there was a stepwise decline in cognition; or 2) the event was followed by cognitive decline noted within three to six months. Select Yes if either of these two conditions is present. Select No if there is a no history of cognitive decline within six months of the event.							
If yes, complete	the following	g:					
Event	Age at Event	Type of Symptomatic Stro Vascular Event	oke/Acute	Temporally associated with persistent worsening of cognition?			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 1	—— □Unknown	☐ Ischemic☐ Hemorrhagic☐ Stroke type unknown☐ TIA with clear ischem mechanism	ic	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 2	—— Unknown	Ischemic Hemorrhagic Stroke type unknown TIA with clear ischem mechanism	ic	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 3	—— □Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Hemorrhagic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischem mechanism	ic	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 4	—— □Unknown	Ischemic Hemorrhagic Stroke type unknown TIA with clear ischem mechanism	ic	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 5	—— □Unknown	Ischemic Hemorrhagic Stroke type unknown TIA with clear ischem	ic	☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			

Subject Number:		Subj	ect Initials:		
Visit Date:///		Eval	uator Initials:		
Study Visit:					
NEUDOLOGIC CONDUMICNO					
NEUROLOGIC CONDITIONS					
Condition	Absent	Recent/active	Remote/inactive	Unknown	
1. Seizures					
2. Traumatic brain injury (TBI)					
Include any reported TBI,	including mild	d TBI and TBI wit	hout loss of consciou	usness	
If TBI recent/active or remot					
2a. TBI with brief loss ☐ No	s of conscious	ness (< 5 minute	es)		
Single					
☐ Repeated/	'multiple				
□ Unknown					
2b. TBI with extended No	d loss of cons	ciousness (≥ 5 m	inutes)		
Single					
☐ Repeated/	'multiple				
Unknown					
2c. TBI without loss of detonations or sports injurie		ess (as might res	ult from military		
Single					
☐ Repeated/	'multiple				
Unknown					
If the subject has experienced multiple TBIs with loss of consciousness, but the amount of time unconscious is unknown for all instances, select Unknown for Questions 2a and 2b. If for any of questions 2a, 2b, or 2c, the subject knows there has definitely been at least a single instance, but is unsure whether there has been more than one, select Single , and revise the entry on this form to Repeated/multiple at a future date if more specific information is available at a future date.					
2d. Age at most recen	2d. Age at most recent TBI: Unknown				
If exact age is unknown, ask the subje select Unknown checkbox.	ct and/or co-լ	participant to est	imate. If he/she can	not estimate,	

Subject Number:		Su	oject Initials:	
Visit Date:///	Visit Date://			
Study Visit:				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS				
If any of the conditions still require "Recent/active."	e active man	agement and,	or medications, pled	ase select
Condition	Absent	Recent/activ	e Remote/inactive	Unknown
1. Diabetes				
1a. If recent/active or remote/in Type 1 Other type (diabetes insiplatent autoimmune diabetes, type 1.5, gestational diabetes		Type 2 Unknown		
1b. Age of onset: Ur				
Subject's estimated age at diagnosis.	If subject canr	not recall age a	t diagnosis, note age d	at first treatment.
2. Hypertension				
Should be coded based on clinician's best judgment from review of medical records including medication use history and record of measured blood pressures, research subject interview, and blood pressure measurement at the research visit. If there is no clear diagnosis of hypertension based on the history and record review, it is suggested that a diagnosis of HTN be considered if the person has had recent consistent readings of systolic BP of 140 mm Hg or above documented on at least 2 occasions. If there is no clear decision based on the history and record review and a diagnosis of HTN is being considered solely on the basis of the recorded BP at that visit, it is suggested that the subject should have an average measured systolic BP of 140 mm Hg or over or average measured diastolic BP of 90 mm Hg or above at the research visit (average of 3 consecutive BP measurements).				
2a. If recent/active or remote/in No Yes	active, is hype	ertension treat	ed?	
2b. Age of onset: Ur	nknown			
Subject's estimated age at diagnosis.	If subject canr	not recall age a	t diagnosis, note age d	at first treatment.

Subject Number:			Subject Initials:		
Visit Date://				ator Initials:	
Study Visit:					
	T	T			
Condition	Absent	Recent/activ	ive	Remote/inactive	Unknown
3. Hypercholesterolemia					
3a. Age of onset: Unknown					
Subject's estimated age at diagnosis. If subject cannot recall age at diagnosis, note age at first treatment.					
4. B12 deficiency					
5. Thyroid disease					
6. Arthritis					
If recent/active or remote/i	nactive:				
6a. Type of arthritis: Rheumatoid Other (specify):				Osteoarthriti	s
If subject has both rheumatoid arthr	itis and osteod	arthritis, selec	ct Rhe	eumatoid.	
6b. Region(s) affected (check all Upper extremity Lo Spine Ur		у			
7. Incontinence – urinary					
8. Incontinence – bowel					
9. Sleep apnea					
9a. Age of onset: Ur	nknown		,		
Subject's estimated age at diagnosis.	If subject cann	not recall age o	at die	agnosis, note age a	t first treatment.
10. REM sleep behavior disorder (RBD)					
11. Hyposomnia/insomnia					

Subject Number:			Subject Initials:				
Visit Date:///			Eval	uator Initials:			
Study Visit:							
SUBSTANCE ABUSE							
Substance Abuse	Absent	Recent/a	ctive	Remote/inactive	Unknown		
Alcohol abuse: clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following areas: work, driving, legal, or social							
2. Other abused substances: clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following areas: work, driving, legal, or social							
2a. If recent/active or remote	e/inactive, sp	ecify abuse	ed sub	stance:			
If multiple substances other than alco		•		_			
	used in the last 12 months, and it resulted in impairment in work, driving, legal, or social situations,						
select Recent/active and describe the			-				
were used but not within the past 12	months, select	: Remote/i	nactiv	v e and describe the s	substances in the		
space provided.							

ject Number:				ect Initials:	
t Date:///			Evan	ıator Initials:	
ly Visit:					
PSYCHIATRIC CONDITIONS	, DIAGNOSE	D OR TR	EATE	D BY A PHYSICIA	N
Psychiatric Condition	Absent	Recent/a	active	Remote/inactive	Unknow
1. Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)					
During the interview, confirm with the subject and/or co-participant that the reported history of PTSD was based on a diagnosis or treatment by a physician/clinician.					
2. Bipolar disorder					
During the interview, confirm wi of bipolar disorder was based on	,	,	•		rted histo
3. Schizophrenia					
During the interview, confirm wi of schizophrenia was based on a	•	•	-		rted histo
4. Depression					
4a. Active depression in No	the last two y	years Unkn	iown		
4b. Depression episodes No [s more than to Yes	_	igo nown		
During the interview, confirm will depression was based on a diagr	,	, ,	,	•	history of

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Subject Number: _____ Subject Initials: ____ ___

Visit Date: ____/___/ Evaluator Initials: ____ ___

Date://		Evalı	uator Initials:		
Visit:					
	Absent	Recent/active	Remote/inactive	Unknov	
5. Anxiety					
6. Obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD)					
7. Developmental neuropsychiatric disorders (e.g., autism spectrum disorder [ASD], attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder [ADHD], dyslexia)					
8. Other psychiatric disorders					
8a. If recent/active or remote/inactive, specify disorder: Ask whether the subject has any psychiatric disorder other than those listed in Questions 1–7. If no, select Absent . If yes, record the condition in the space provided and select the appropriate box to specify whether Recent/active or Remote/inactive .					
MEDICAL HISTORY					
1. Does the subject ever cry of proportion to the situation? No Yes	or laugh appa	arently involunta	rily, spontaneously	, or out-c	

ıbject Number:	S	Subject Initials: _	
sit Date://	_	Evaluator Initials	:
udy Visit:			
EAMI	I V HICTODY	7	
FAIVIII	LY HISTORY	<u></u>	
Date of Collection: / /	((MM/DD/YYYY)	
FAMILY HISTORY	No	Yes	Unknown
1. STROKE/TIA: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of symptomatic stroke or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, full history of symptomatic stroke and/or TIA v			no have a
1a. Any cases with onset before age 55?			
1b. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?			
Select Yes if history of stroke and/or TIA we known generation of one side of the family			
2. ACQUIRED COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of cognitive impairment or dementia or Alzheimer's disease?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, fu by dementia, Alzheimer's disease, or have h			no are affected

ect Number:	s	ubject Initials: _		
: Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
ly Visit:				
	No	Yes	Unknown	
If yes:	110	103	Ommown	
2a. Any report of a case in the family with autopsy confirmation of Alzheimer's disease?				
2b. Any report of cases with autopsy confirmation of another cause of dementia?				
2c. Any cases with onset before age 65?				
2d. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?				
3. If yes to EITHER autosomal domin following:	ant questions a	above (1b, 2d), com	plete the	
3a. Is there a known mutation?				
3b. If yes, please indicate which one: PSEN1 APP PSEN2 CADASIL Other, specify gene if known:				
Specify mutation if known:				
Although blood relatives might have evidence for more than one genetic mutation, indicate the predominant mutation only. Evidence may be provided via family report, test, or other report or documentation. First, specify the gene. Then, indicate the mutation, if known. If the gene is not listed, select Other and specify the gene.				
3c. Does this individual carry the n	nutation?			
□ No □ Yes □ Unknown				

ect Number:	Subjec	t Initials:	
: Date://		tor Initials: _	
v Visit:			
y			
GENERAL PHYSICA	L MEASUR	<u>ES</u>	
Were General Physical Measures performed?	☐ No	Yes	
If No, please provide the primary reaso	n:		
Physical problem	Verbal refus	al	
Cognitive/behavior problem	Other proble	em (specify): _	
- -	-		
Date of Collection://	_ (MM/DD/\	YYYY)	
VITAL SIGNS			
1. Blood Pressure Measurement 1:	/n	nmHg [Not Done
Blood Pressure Measurement 2:	/n	nmHg [Not Done
Blood Pressure Measurement 3:	/n	nmHg [Not Done
Measure seated at rest. Take 3 consecutive BP r EDC. If blood pressure cannot be obtained, skip	•	•	
2. Pulse: beats/m			Not Done
If pulse cannot be obtained, skip and select 'Not		FDC	
		٦. ٢	Not Dono
3. Height:	cm	in	Not Done
stand), skip and select 'Not Done' in the EDC.	confined to d	wheelehalf of	unuble to
4. Weight:	kg [] lb	Not Done
If weight cannot be measured (e.g., if subject is stand), skip and select 'Not Done' in the EDC.	confined to a	ı wheelchair o	r unable to
ADDITIONAL PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS	No	Yes	Unknown
1. With or without corrective lenses, is the subject's vision functionally normal?			
Select No if any functional impairment exists (r such as reading or watching television).	educed abilit	ty to do everya	lay activities
2. With or without a hearing aid(s), is the subject's hearing functionally normal?			

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Subject Number: __ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ Subject Initials: ____ _ ___

Select **No** if any functional impairment exists (reduced ability to do everyday activities such as listening to the radio or television, talking with family or friends).

SHORT PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE BATTERY					
Please refer to the MarkVCID Short Physical Performance Battery Training Manual for detailed instructions on the administration of this assessment.					
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the freason by entering one of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem 97 = Other problem	ollowing exams, please give the 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 98 = Verbal refusal				
1. Balance Test Score: Side-by-side, semi-tandem, tandem:	[0-4, 95-98]				
2. Gait Speed Test Score:	[0-4, 95-98]				
3. Chair Stand Test Score:	[0-4, 95-98]				

INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed finding to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome. Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome. Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? No	ject Number:	Subject Initials:
NEUROLOGICAL EXAM INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed finding to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome. Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome. Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? No Yes If No, please provide the primary reason:	t Date://	Evaluator Initials:
INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed finding to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome. Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome. Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? No Yes If No, please provide the primary reason:	ly Visit:	
INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed finding to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome. Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome. Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? No Yes If No, please provide the primary reason:	NEUROI OC	CICAL FXAM
present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? ☐ No ☐ Yes If No, please provide the primary reason:	assessing the neurological signs listed below to a particular syndrome. Please use your be syndrome. Use the information obtained at the neurol findings, using your best clinical judgment clinical syndrome. Please complete the appropriate section	w and in attributing the observed findings best clinical judgment in assigning the logical exam to indicate the neurological to ascribe those symptoms to a particular as below, using your best clinical
	present. Was the Neurological Exam performed? ☐ No ☐ Yes	
☐ Physical problem ☐ Verbal refusal		
☐ Cognitive/behavior problem ☐ Other problem (specify):	_ , ,	

	Subject Ini	itials: _			
sit Date:// Evaluator Initials:					
dy Visit:					
below are pre ures section	esent, select 1	Y es . Oth	erwise, select		
No	Ye	es	Not Assessed		
rmittent, is su	ufficient to se	elect Yes	5.		
No	Ye	es	Not Assessed		
A definite rest tremor, even if only intermittent, is sufficient to select Yes .					
	-	-	ntion, or foot- select Yes .		
en if slight or	mmu, is sujjii	010110 00 1			
	rtapping, haven if slight or tonia (gegen No	Evaluator Delow are present, select Mares section No Yes Trapping, hand pronation in the section over the section of the section over the s	Evaluator Initials Delow are present, select Yes. Otherwises section No Yes Trainittent, is sufficient to select Yes Trapping, hand pronation-suping en if slight or mild, is sufficient to en if slight or mild, is sufficient to en in (gegenhalten) to be ignored No Yes No Yes Trainittent, is sufficient to select Yes Trainittent, is sufficient to select Yes		

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ubject Number:	Sul	oject Initials: _			
isit Date:///	Eva	aluator Initials	:		
tudy Visit:					
Parkinsonian Signs	No	Yes	Not Assessed		
7. Bradykinesia					
	Bradykinesia includes combining slowness, hesitancy, decreased arm swing, small amplitude, and poverty of movement in general. Any degree of overall bradykinesia is sufficient to select Yes				
8. Parkinsonian gait disorder					
Features of parkinsonian gait disorder include slowing of gait, shuffling, festination, unilateral or bilateral decreased arm swing and/or tremor, slowness and difficulty on turning, and/or freezing during walking. Any degree of parkinsonian gait is sufficient to select Yes .					
9. Postural instability					
Postural instability involves inadequate response to sudden, strong posterior displacement produced by pull on shoulders while patient is erect with eyes open and feet slightly apart; patient is prepared. Taking more than two steps or requiring the examiner to catch the subject are examples of postural instability. Any degree of postural instability is sufficient to select Ves					

ect Number:		Subject Initials	::				
it Date:// Evaluator Initials:							
ly Visit:							
CEREBROVASCULAR FEATU	RES						
Were neurological signs consi cerebrovascular disease prese		to be most likely o	consistent with				
If any of the signs consistent w No and skip to Other Findings	-	resent, select Yes ;	otherwise, select				
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease	No	Yes	Not Assessed				
 Cortical cognitive deficit (e.g., aphasia, apraxia, neglect) 							
Aphasia: Difficulty with language Apraxia: Difficulty in correctly comotor or sensory loss. Neglect: Lack of awareness of end Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular	arrying out purposeful	skilled movements	in the absence of				
disease: LEFT SIDE OF BODY							
Lateralized motor weakness							
		ed proximal or dista	ll extremity				
weakness Indicate as present if it is suspected		ed proximal or dista	ll extremity				
weakness Indicate as present if it is suspects weakness attributable to cerebro 3. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes,	vascular ischemia.						
weakness Indicate as present if it is suspects weakness attributable to cerebro 3. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others) Indicate as present if it is suspects	vascular ischemia.						
weakness Indicate as present if it is suspects weakness attributable to cerebro 3. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others) Indicate as present if it is suspects to cerebrovascular ischemia.	vascular ischemia. Grant of the state of th	reflexes or increase	cd tone attributabl				

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines

Subject Number: _____ Subject Initials: ____ ___

Visit Date: ___/__/ Evaluator Initials: ______

Study Visit:

Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease: RIGHT SIDE OF BODY	No	Yes	Not Assessed				
6. Lateralized motor weakness							
Indicate as present if it is suspector weakness attributable to cerebro		red proximal or disto	ıl extremity				
7. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others)							
Indicate as present if it is suspected that there are brisk reflexes or increased tone attributable to cerebrovascular ischemia.							
8. Cortical visual field loss							
This involves homonymous hemianopsia or quadrantanopsia, or cortical blindness, excluding visual field loss due to optic nerve disease or injury.							
9. Somatosensory loss							
This involves sensory loss due to involvement of the cerebrum or brain stem, excluding sensory loss due to spinal-cord injury or peripheral neuropathy.							

Sub	Subject Number: Subject Initials:				
Visi	t Date://	=	Eva	lluator Initials:	
Stuc	ly Visit:				
	OTHER FINDINGS	No		Yes	Not Assessed
	Patient demonstrates spontaneous, disproportionate or involuntary crying or laughing on examination				
	On the basis of the response and that to any examiner's observations of the patient, indic			ns, supplemented	by the
	2. Is magnetic gait apraxia present?				
	Indicate whether gait apraxia characteristi subcortical ischemia is present by selecting the neurological exam and does not require	Yes. This det			
	 Higher cortical visual problem suggesting posterior cortical atrophy (e.g., prosopagnosia, simultagnosia, Balint's syndrome) or apraxia of gaze 				
	This includes gradual onset and progression of the following types of features: impaired visuoperceptive abilities or difficulty with visual identification of objects, words or faces; features of Balint's syndrome, e.g., inability to perceive a complex visual field as a while (simultanagnosia), difficulty in fixating the eyes (oculomotor apraxia), and inability to move the hand to a specific object by using vision (optic ataxia).				
	 Findings suggestive of progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), corticobasal syndrome (CBS), or other related disorders 				
	If any of the findings below consistent with PSP, CBS, or other related disorders are present, select Yes ; otherwise, select No . - Findings consistent with PSP: eye movement changes, dysarthria, axial rigidity, gait disorder, apraxia of speech - Findings consistent with CBS: apraxia, cortical sensory deficits, ataxia, alien limb, myoclonus - Dystonia consistent with CBS, PSP, or related disorder				
	5. Findings suggesting ALS (e.g., muscle wasting, fasciculations, upper motor neuron and/or lower motor neuron signs)				

COGNITIVE DIAGNOSIS Date of Evaluation:/ / (MM/DD/YYYY) SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS Normal Cognition Dementia Normal Cognition: Select if the subject has normal cognition and does not have behavior that is sufficient to diagnose MCI or dementia due to FTD or DLB. Normal cognition is defined as: 1.) No diagnosis of MCI or dementia; and 2.) Either CDR=0 or neuropsychological testing within normal range (or both). Dementia: Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the criteria for all-cause dementia. These criteria are modified from the McKhann all-cause dementia criteria (2011) to allow a single domain to be affected. The subject has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria: Interfere with ability to function as before at work or at usual activities? Represent a decline from previous levels of functioning? Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder? Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of 1) history-taking and 2) objective cognitive assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing)? AND Impairment in one* or more of the following domains. Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information Impaired visuospatial abilities Impaired language functions Changes in personality, behavior, or comportment In the event of single-domain impairment (e.g., language in PPA, behavior in bvFTD, posterior cortical atrophy), the subject must not fulfill criteria for MCI. MCI: Select if the subject has a cognitive complaint that is not normal for age, has cognitive decline but does not have dementia, and has essentially normal functional activities Impaired, Not MCI: Select if you judge the subject to be cognitively impaired, yet the subject's presentation, test results, symptoms, and clinical evaluation are not consistent with MCI and do not allow you to select Present for MCI	ect Number:		Subj	ect Initials:			
COGNITIVE DIAGNOSIS Date of Evaluation:/ (MM/DD/YYYY) SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS Normal Cognition	t Date:// Evaluator Initials:						
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SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS MCI	<u>CO(</u>	GNITIVE DI	<u>AGNOSIS</u>				
Normal Cognition Dementia	Date of Evaluation: /	_/	(M	M/DD/YYYY)			
MCI	SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS	_					
Normal Cognition: Select if the subject has normal cognition and does not have behavior that is sufficient to diagnose MCI or dementia due to FTD or DLB. Normal cognition is defined as: 1.) No diagnosis of MCI or dementia; and 2.) Either CDR=0 or neuropsychological testing within normal range (or both). Dementia: Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the criteria for all-cause dementia. These criteria are modified from the McKhann all-cause dementia criteria (2011) to allow a single domain to be affected. The subject has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria: Interfere with ability to function as before at work or at usual activities? Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder? Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of 1) history-taking and 2) objective cognitive assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing)? AND Impairment in one* or more of the following domains. Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information Impaired reasoning and handling of complex tasks, poor judgment Impaired language functions Changes in personality, behavior, or comportment In the event of single-domain impairment (e.g., language in PPA, behavior in bvFTD, posterior cortical atrophy), the subject must not fulfill criteria for MCI. MCI: Select if the subject has a cognitive complaint that is not normal for age, has cognitive decline but does not have dementia, and has essentially normal functional activities Impaired, Not MCI: Select if you judge the subject to be cognitively impaired, yet the subject's presentation, test results, symptoms, and clinical evaluation are not consistent with MCI and do not allow you to select Present for MCI Age of Onset: Unknown	Normal Cognition	Impaii	ed, Not Mo	CI			
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Age of Onset: Unknown	behavior that is sufficient to diagnose MCI or dementia due to FTD or DLB. Normal cognition is defined as: 1.) No diagnosis of MCI or dementia; and 2.) Either CDR=0 or neuropsychological testing within normal range (or both). Dementia: Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the criteria for all-cause dementia. These criteria are modified from the McKhann all-cause dementia criteria (2011) to allow a single domain to be affected. The subject has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria: Interfere with ability to function as before at work or at usual activities? Represent a decline from previous levels of functioning? Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder? Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of 1) historytaking and 2) objective cognitive assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing)? AND Impairment in one* or more of the following domains. Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information Impaired reasoning and handling of complex tasks, poor judgment Impaired language functions Changes in personality, behavior, or comportment In the event of single-domain impairment (e.g., language in PPA, behavior in bvFTD, posterior cortical atrophy), the subject must not fulfill criteria for MCI. MCI: Select if the subject has a cognitive complaint that is not normal for age, has cognitive decline but does not have dementia, and has essentially normal functional activities Impaired, Not MCI: Select if you judge the subject to be cognitively impaired, yet the						
Dragant Drimany Contributing	Age of Onset: U	Inknown					
Unacont Unimager Contribution		Date	Dations	Cantilla			

MarkVCID Paper (RF Pa	ickag	e Co	mpl	etion Guidel	ines
Subject Number:				Subj	ect Initials:	
/isit Date:///	it Date:/ Evaluator Initials:					
Study Visit:						
PRIMARY ETIOLOGICAL DIAGNOSES	No	Yes				Non- contributing
1. Alzheimer's disease						
The AD dementia criteria listed belocriteria for AD dementia (McKhann disease: Recommendations from the Association workgroups. See the ore A. Probable AD dementia is diagonal. Meets criteria for dementia, and 2. Insidious onset. Symptoms have a 3. Clear-cut history of worsening of 4. The initial and most prominent cone of the following categories. (1) Amnestic disorder: The (2) Non-amnestic disorders • Language disorder • Visuospatial disore • Executive and behow the substantial concomitan (b) core features of dement (c) prominent features of be (d) prominent features of some fluent/agrammatic variant (e) evidence for another commedical co-morbidity or meanical comorbidity or meanical comorbidity or meanical comorbidity or meanical comorbidity or meanical composition. B. Possible AD dementia is diagonal criteria: 1. Atypical course: Meets the core condementia, but either had a sudden of historical detail or objective cognition. probable AD dementia but has evidential but has evi	et al., 2 e Natior iginal per nosed when so the per cognitive most co extra ider navioral ideble AD t cerebr ide with ehaviora encurren edication osed when linical co onset of ive docu er meets of	2011). To all Instruction by rependent on set on by rependent on set on by rependent on set on by programment of the set	the dialitute of detail e pation of the control of	gnosi. n Agir ls. lent: racter month or observiden ould n ease of ther t ary pr apha. ologic ald have	ristics: s to years; and ervation; and t on history and of resentation of Al and dementia its inporal dementia; sia; or al disease, or a ne we a substantial its eets one of the to above) for probact ent or demonstra ressive decline, or	e to Alzheimer's imer's imer's examination in D dementia. en there is elf; or a or non-taneurological impact on the sollowing tes insufficient in the sollowing testing the sollowing testing tes
(a) concomitant cerebrovas (b) features of dementia wi (c) evidence for another new morbidity or medication us The following table is excerpted fro 2011): Summary of clinical and cognitive of Establish clinical and cognitive of	scular d th Lewy urologic e that co m the 2	isease o bodies cal disec ould ha 011 NIA	other ase or ve a si 1-AA c	a non ıbstar riterio	-neurological me atial impact on co a for MCI due to A	dical co- gnition.

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Number: Subject Initials: ___ Visit Date: ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ __ Evaluator Initials: ____ Study Visit: Cognitive concern reflecting a change in cognition reported by patient or informant or clinician (i.e., historical or observed evidence of decline over time) Objective evidence of impairment in one or more cognitive domains, typically including memory (i.e., formal or bedside testing to establish level of cognitive function in multiple domains) Largely preserved independence in functional abilities Not demented Examine etiology of MCI consistent with AD pathophysiological process Rule out vascular, traumatic, medical causes of cognitive decline, where possible *Provide evidence of longitudinal decline in cognition, when feasible* Report history consistent with AD genetic factors, where relevant If Alzheimer's disease is not present, select **No** for Questions 1, and leave the **Primary**, **Contributing,** and **Non-contributing** boxes unchecked. For subjects with cognitive impairment: If Alzheimer's disease is present, select Present and indicate whether it is thought to be the **Primary** or **Contributing** cause of the cognitive impairment. Probable AD can be indicated as **Primary** or **Contributing**. On the contrary, Possible Alzheimer's disease (atypical course or seemingly mixed etiologies) should not be marked as **Primary**; the only exception is when there is an atypical course, positive biomarker evidence for AD, and no compelling clinical or biomarker evidence for another primary etiology. **For subjects with normal cognition:** If the subject has normal cognition and either sufficient biomarker evidence for Alzheimer's disease or a known genetic mutation, select **No** for **Present** and select the **Non-contributing** box.

The second will be second to the second seco							
	Present		Duimany	Contributing	Non-		
	No	Yes	Primary	Contributing	contributing		
2. Lewy body disease							

Refer to the papers McKeith et al., 2017 (see DLB criteria on pages 99 – 100) and Litvan et al., 2003 (see criteria table below) to assess the presence of Lewy body disease. Additional details concerning the PD criteria are listed under Question 2a.

For subjects with cognitive impairment: If Lewy body disease (DLB or Parkinson's disease) is present, select **Present**, and indicate whether it is thought to be the **Primary** or

Contributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If Lewy body disease is not present, select 'No' for 'Present' and leave all remaining boxes for Questions 2 unchecked.

For subjects with normal cognition: If the subject has normal cognition but has a clinical diagnosis of Parkinson's disease, select **Yes** for **Present** and select the **Non-contributing** box.

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Subject Number:						Subject Initials:			
Visit Date: / / /			-		Evaluator Initials:				
Study Visit:				•					
								_	
	Present Prim		nary	Contributing	Non- contributing				
If Present: 2a. Parkinson's disease	[
Select Yes for Present if the subjuse the following criteria, excerp Criteria for Parkinsonian Disorde UK Parkinson's Disease Inclusion criteria Bradykinesia (slowness of initiation of voluntary movement with progressive reduction in speed and amplitude of repetitive actions); And at least one of the following: • Muscular rigidity. • 4- to 6-Hz rest tremor. • Postural instability not caused by primary visual, vertibular, cerebellar, or proprioceptive dysfunction.	History Stroke programmer of the fire stroke programmer of the fir	citvan ciety Exclusive sessions or of sessions of sess	IC Task et al., 2 Brain I sion con frepeatith steem on of the sion one at the sion of	reforce 2003): 3ank (riteria ted pwise atures ted he set to woodop exclude the set to woodop exc	t at d sures lsy. id	-	eria criteria e required f definite set. oresent. lisorder. ymmetry of onset oonse oo		

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date:///	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

	Present		Drimary	Contributing	Non-
	No	Yes	Primary	Contributing	contributing
Vascular brain injury (based on clinical or imaging evidence)					

If there is evidence of significant vascular brain injury confirmed by clinical or neuroimaging studies, select **Yes** for **Present** for Question 3. Significant vascular brain injury includes either:

- CLINICAL EVIDENCE of symptomatic stroke (i.e., abrupt onset of focal neurological signs)
- OR -
- *NEUROIMAGING EVIDENCE of one or more of the following:*
 - cystic infarcts (large or small)
 - significant white matter changes (Grade 7–8+ on Cardiovascular Health Study Scale)
 - intraparenchymal hemorrhage
 - multiple microbleeds

If the subject has no clinical evidence of symptomatic stroke and neuroimaging studies do not indicate evidence of significant vascular brain injury, select 'No' for 'Present'.

For subjects with cognitive impairment: Indicate whether vascular brain injury is thought to be the **Primary** cause, a **Contributing** cause, or a **Non-contributing** cause of the cognitive impairment.

Select Primary if the subject has one or more of the following:

- a temporal relationship between a symptomatic stroke (confirmed by neuroimaging) and cognitive decline;
- imaging evidence of cystic infarction(s) in a cognitive network
- cystic infarct (anywhere in the brain), and imaging evidence of extensive confluent white matter changes (WMH Grade 7–8+), and impairment in executive function.

If there is clinical evidence of a symptomatic stroke with temporal relationship to cognitive decline but no available supporting neuroimaging, select **Primary** or **Contributing** based on clinical judgment.

If there is significant vascular brain injury but no clear temporal or anatomical relationship with cognitive impairment, select **Contributing** or **Non-contributing** based on clinical judgment.

If there is a history of gradually progressive cognitive decline preceding a symptomatic stroke in the absence of extensive confluent white matter changes (thereby suggesting an underlying neurodegenerative etiology), select **Contributing** or **Non-contributing** based on clinical judgment.

For subjects with normal cognition: If the subject has normal cognition but has evidence of significant vascular brain injury, select **Yes** for **Present** for Question 3 and select the **Non-contributing** box.

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines

Subject Number: _____ Subject Initials: ____ ___

Visit Date: ____/___/ Evaluator Initials: ______

Study Visit:

			l l				
ly Visit:							
3a. Peri-Ventricular Fazekas							
Extent Grade			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Unknown/ N/A		
3b. Deep Fazekas Extent		□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	Unknown/ N/A		
Grade				3	Ulikilowii/ N/A		
3c. Deep Fazekas Lesion	$ \Box 0$	□ 1	\square 2	□3	Unknown/ N/A		
Count Grade							
Peri-Ventricular Fazekas Extent	Grade:						
Grade 0 - No lesions							
Grade 1 – Caps or pencil-thin lining							
Grade 2 - Smooth haloing	r into DI	1711					
Grade 3 – Irregular WMH extending	ן ווונט טיוו	V IVI					
Deep Fazekas Extent Grade							
Grade 0 – No lesions							
Grade 1 – Punctate lesions							
Grade 2 – Beginning confluent lesions							
Grade 3 – Confluent lesions							
Deep Fazekas Lesion Count Grade	e						
Grade 0 - No lesions							
Grade 1 – 1-4 lesions							

Grade 2 – 5-9 lesions

Grade 3 - >9 lesions

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Number: Subject Initials: ___ Visit Date: ___ / ___ / ___ / ____ / ____ ___ **Evaluator Initials:** _____ Study Visit: Present Non-Primary Contributing contributing No Yes 4. Traumatic brain injury The definition of TBI below has been condensed from Menon et al. (2010): TBI is defined as an alteration in brain function, or other evidence of brain pathology, caused by an external force. A. Alteration in brain function is defined as 1 of the following clinical signs: • Any period of loss of or a decreased LOC • Any loss of memory for events immediately before (retrograde amnesia) or after the injury (PTA) • Neurologic deficits (weakness, loss of balance, change in vision, dyspraxia paresis/plegia [paralysis], sensory loss, aphasia, etc.) • Any alteration in mental state at the time of the injury (confusion, disorientation, *slowed thinking, etc.)*" B. or other evidence of brain pathology: Such evidence may include visual, neuroradiologic, or laboratory confirmation of damage to the brain. *C.* caused by an external force may include any of the following events: • The head being struck by an object • *The head striking an object* • The brain undergoing an acceleration/deceleration movement without direct external trauma to the head • A foreign body penetrating the brain • Forces generated from events such as a blast or explosion • *Or other force yet to be defined* For subjects with cognitive impairment: If the subject has had one or more TBIs as defined above, select **Present** for Question 4 and indicate whether the TBI is thought to be the **Primary** cause, a **Contributing** cause, or a **Non-contributing** cause of the cognitive impairment. **For subjects with normal cognition:** If the subject has normal cognition but has had one or more TBIs as defined above, select Yes for Present for Question 4 and select the Noncontributing box. If the subject has had no previous TBI, select **No** for **Present** and leave all remaining boxes in Ouestion 4 blank and unchecked.

If Present:			
4a. If present, does the subject			
have symptoms consistent	□ No	☐ Yes	Unknown
with chronic traumatic			
encephalopathy?			

Refer to the published papers by McKee et al. (2009) and Stern et al. (2013) for additional details on clinical CTE symptoms.

Select **Yes** if the subject has symptoms consistent with chronic traumatic encephalopathy. If the subject does not have symptoms consistent with CTE, select No. If it is unknown whether the subject has symptoms consistent with CTE, select **Unknown**.

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Number: __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ Subject Initials: ____ _

it Date://					Evaluator Initials:			
dy Visit:								
	Pres	ent				Non-		
	No	Yes	Primary		Contributing	contributing		
5. Depression								
If Present:								
5a. Untreated								
☐ Treated with medication and/or counseling								
Consult the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders regarding the diagnosis of depression. If depression is not present, select 'No' for 'Present' and leave all remaining boxes for Questions 5 and 5a blank/unchecked. If active depression (regardless of whether it is active but successfully treated with medication or counseling) is present, select Yes for Present , and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Non-contributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If the subject has normal cognition but has active depression, select Yes for Present for Question 5 and select the Non-contributing box.								
	Present No Yes		Prim	ary	Contributing	Non- contributing		
6. Cognitive impairment due to alcohol abuse]				
If Present:	□No			l'es	Unkno	wn		

6a. Current alcohol abuse

Marky CID Paper CKF Package Completion Guidennes							
Subject Ni	bject Number:			Subject Initials:			
/isit Date:/ Evaluator Initials:			:				
Study Visi	t:						
	ATED ETIOLOGICAL GNOSES	Present Prima		ary	Contributing	Non-contributing	
7	. Multiple system atrophy]			
multi If MS Cont. the su select If MS	Refer to the diagnostic criteria in Gilman et al. (2008) when assessing the presence of multiple system atrophy (MSA). If MSA is present, select Present for Question 7, and indicate whether it is Primary , Contributing , or Non-contributing to the observed cognitive impairment, if applicable. If the subject has normal cognition but clinical symptoms sufficient for a diagnosis of MSA, select Present for Question 7 and select the Non-contributing checkbox. If MSA is not present, leave all checkboxes for Questions 7 blank/unchecked.						
8	Frontotemporal lobar degeneration]			
lobar programeure If any though cognition of the uncher PSP: CBD: CBD. FTLD revision 2000	Refer to the diagnostic criteria listed below when assessing the presence of Frontotemporal lobar degeneration (FTLD). The following diseases fall under the category of FTLD: progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), corticobasal degeneration (CBD), FTLD with motor neuron disease, or FTLD not otherwise specified (NOS). If any of the diseases listed above are present, select Present and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Non-contributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If any disease is present but the subject has normal cognition, select Present for Question 8 and select the Non-contributing box. If the subject does not have any of the listed diseases, leave all boxes for Question 8 unchecked. PSP: Use the criteria by Bensimon et al. (2009) to diagnose PSP CBD: Refer to diagnostic criteria by Armstrong et al. (2013) when assessing the presence of						

bject Number:			Subject Initials:				
it Date: / /]				Evaluator Initials:			
udy Visit:							
	Present	Prim	ary	Contributing	Non- contributing		
9. Essential tremor							
Refer to the consensus criteria (Deuschl et al., 1998) for essential tremor. If essential tremor is not present, leave all checkboxes in Question 9 blank/unchecked. For subjects with cognitive impairment: If essential tremor is present, select Present and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Noncontributing cause of the cognitive impairment. For subjects with normal cognition: If the subject has normal cognition but has essential tremor features, select Present and select the Non-contributing box.							
10. Down syndrome]				
Primary cause, a Contributing cau impairment, if applicable. If Down syndrome is not present, led	If Down syndrome is not present, leave all boxes for Question10 blank/unchecked. If the subject has normal cognition but has Down syndrome, select Present for Question 10 and						
11. Huntington's disease							
thought to be the Primary cause, a cognitive impairment, if applicable. Question11 blank/unchecked. If the disease features or a known mutatic checkbox.	If Huntington's disease is present, select Present for Question 11, and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Non-contributing cause of the cognitive impairment, if applicable. If Huntington's disease is not present, leave all boxes for Question11 blank/unchecked. If the subject has normal cognition but has Huntington's disease features or a known mutation, select Present and select the Non-contributing checkbox.						
12. Prion disease (CJD, other)							
Refer to the paper by Puoti et al. (2012) regarding the clinical diagnosis of prion disease. If prion disease is not present, leave all checkboxes in Question11 blank/unchecked. Select Present if prion disease (Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease or other type) is present, and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Noncontributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If the subject has normal cognition but has tested positive for prion disease, select Present for Question 12 and select the Noncontributing checkbox.							
13. Hydrocephalus]				
If hydrocephalus is not present, leave all boxes in Question13 blank/unchecked. If hydrocephalus is present, select Present , and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Non-contributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If the subject has normal cognition, but has other non-cognitive features of hydrocephalus, select Present for Question 13 and select the Non-contributing checkbox.							

bject Number:	oject Number:				Subject Initials:			
sit Date: / /	it Date://				Evaluator Initials:			
ıdy Visit:								
					-			
	Present	Prim	nary	Contributing	Non- contributing			
14. Epilepsy]					
Refer to the paper by Fisher et al. (2014) for clinical symptoms consistent with epilepsy. If epilepsy is not present, leave all boxes in Question14 blank/unchecked. If epilepsy is present, select Present , and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Noncontributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If the subject has normal cognition but has other non-cognitive features of epilepsy, select Present for Question 14 and select the Non-contributing checkbox.								
15. CNS neoplasm								
If present: 15a.								
15a blank/ unchecked. If CNS neople thought to be the Primary cause, a cognitive impairment. If the subject	If CNS neoplasm (benign or malignant) is not present, leave all boxes for Questions 15 and 15a blank/ unchecked. If CNS neoplasm is present, select Present , and indicate whether it is thought to be the Primary cause, a Contributing cause, or a Non-contributing cause of the cognitive impairment. If the subject has normal cognition and has CNS neoplasm, select Present for Question 15 and select the Non-contributing checkbox.							
16. Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)]					
Recent publications outline updated HIV-associated neurocognitive diso For subjects with cognitive impart thought to be the Primary cause, a cognitive impairment. For subjects with normal cognitive Present for Question 16 and select If HIV is not present, leave all hoxes.	rder — for ins irment: If HIV Contributing on: If the subj the Non-cont	stance,	the pesent, seent, seen	aper by Antinori select, and indica Non-contribution and cognition and eckbox.	et al. (2007). te whether it is ng cause of the			

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Number: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ Subject Initials: ____ __ / / Visit Date: _ **Evaluator Initials:** Study

Date:/ Evaluator initials								
y Visit:								
Questions 17 – 21: Consult the Dia	anostic and S	tatistical Mo	anual of Mental D	isorders				
~	_		•					
	regarding the diagnosis of the psychiatric conditions listed in Questions 17 – 21. If the psychiatric disorder is not present, leave all questions related to the particular psychiatric							
disorder blank/unchecked. If the ps	•		•	• •				
successfully treated with medication								
whether it is thought to be the Prin								
contributing cause of the cognitive			•					
	•							
the psychiatric disorder, select Pres	Sent ana seiec	t the Non-Co	Intributing chec					
	Present	Primary	Contributing	Non-				
			J	contributing				
17. Bipolar disorder								
18. Schizophrenia or other								
psychosis								
19. Anxiety disorder								
-								
20. Delirium								
21. Post-traumatic stress								
disorder (PTSD)								
22. Other psychiatric disease								
(specify):								
1	I	1	l					

ıbj	ect Number:	\$	Subject Initials:					
isit Date: / /					Evaluator Initials:			
	y Visit:		·					
		Present	Prima	ry	Contributing	Non- contributing		
	23. Cognitive impairment due to:							
	23a. Other neurologic, genetic, or infectious conditions not listed above (specify):							
	If the subject has cognitive impairm other than those described in previous the Specify field, and indicate whet cause, or a Non-contributing cause	ous questions, her the etiolog	select P gy is the	rese Prii	ent, specify the et mary cause, a C o	iologic cause in		
	23b. Other substance abuse							
	23c. Systemic disease/medical illness							
	23d. Medications							
	23e. Cognitive impairment NOS:							

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines						
Subject Number:	Subject Initials:					
Visit Date: / / Evaluator Initials:						
Study Visit:						
MoCA (MONTREAL COGNITIV	/E ASSESSMENT)					
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment Was any part of the MoCA administered?						
□ No □ Yes						
If No, please provide the primary reason:	Physical problem 🔲 Verbal refusal					
☐ Cognitive/behavior problem ☐ Other problem (specify):						
Date of Examination: / / (N	/IM/DD/YYYY)					
Method of Administration: In-person] Video					
Language of test administration: English						
Spanish						
Other (specify):						
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the follow entering one of the following codes:	ving exams, please give the reason by					
95 = Physical problem 96	o = Cognitive/behavior problem					
97 = Other problem 98	3 = Verbal refusal					

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	
Score is 'Not Assessed' if any of the MoCA items that a items 1–6, 8-14, and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 16 are it therefore, these items can have missing values (95, 9 be computed as long as items 1–6, 8-14, and 17-22 at Scores for items 1-5 correspond to the Visuospatial / worksheet	not part of the MoCA score calculation; 6, 97, or 98). The MoCA Score will still re all non-missing.
1. Visuospatial/ executive — Trails:	[0-1, 95-98]
2. Visuospatial/ executive — Cube:	[0-1, 95-98]
3. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock contour:	[0-1, 95-98]
4. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock numbers:	[0-1, 95-98]
5. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock hands:	[0-1, 95-98]
Score for item 6 corresponds to the Naming section of	on the MoCA worksheet
6. Language — Naming:	[0-3, 95-98]
Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory section of	on the MoCA worksheet
7. Memory — Registration (two trials):	[0-10, 95-98]
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention sec	ction on the MoCA worksheet
8. Attention — Digits:	[0-2, 95-98]
9. Attention — Letter A:	[0-1, 95-98]
10. Attention — Serial 7s:	[0-3, 95-98]
Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Language s	ection on the MoCA worksheet
11. Language — Repetition:	[0-2, 95-98]
12. Language — Fluency:	[0-1, 95-98]

Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction section on the MoCA worksheet

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date: / /	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

13. Abstraction:	[0-2, 95-98]			
Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Recall section on the MoCA worksheet				
14. Delayed recall — No cue: (if not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 17)	[0-5, 95-98]			
15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]			
16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]			
Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation section on the MoCA worksheet				
17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]			
18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]			
19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]			
20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]			
21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]			
22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]			

	Markverd Paper Chr Pachage Co	inpletion duluelines	
Subject Nu	mber:	Subject Initials:	
	isit Date:/ Evaluator Initials:		
Study Visit:	: :		
	Blind MoCA (MONTREAL COGNI	TIVE ASSESSMENT)	
_	fer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions ration of this assessment	Manual for details instructions on the	
Was any	part of the Blind MoCA administered?		
□No	Yes		
If	No, please provide the primary reason:	Physical problem 🔲 Verbal refusal	
Cogni	tive/behavior problem	n (snecify):	
	or of some problem in the problem	(0) 00/).	
Date of E	xamination:/(M	IM/DD/YYYY)	
Method o	Method of Administration:		
Language Englis	e of test administration: sh		
☐ Spani	sh		
Other	(specify):		
entering	ne subject cannot complete any of the follow one of the following codes:		
	•	= Cognitive/behavior problem= Verbal refusal	
Score is 'I missing (score cale	Not Assessed' if any of the Blind MoCA items to i.e., items 8-14 and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 1 culation; therefore, these items can have miss CA Score will still be computed as long as items.	that contribute to the score are 16 are not part of the Blind MoCA sing values (95, 96, 97, or 98). The	
Score for	item 7 corresponds to the Memory section or	n the Blind MoCA worksheet	
7. Mem	ory — Registration (two trials):	[0-10, 95-98]	
Scores for	r items 8-10 correspond to the Attention sect	ion on the Blind MoCA worksheet	

Sı	ubject Number:	Subject Initials:			
V	isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
St	tudy Visit:				
	8. Attention — Digits:	[0-2, 95-98]			
	9. Attention — Letter A:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	10. Attention — Serial 7s:	[0-3, 95-98]			
	Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Language se	ction on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
	11. Language — Repetition:	[0-2, 95-98]			
	12. Language — Fluency:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction section	on on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
	13. Abstraction:	[0-2, 95-98]			
	Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Reco worksheet	ıll section on the Blind MoCA			
	14. Delayed recall — No cue: (if not completed, enter reason code and skip to questi	[0-5, 95-98] on 17)			
	15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]			
	16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]			
	Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation s	ection on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
	17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]			
	22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]			

	Markveid Paper ekt Package co	mpietion Guidelines			
Su	ıbject Number: Subject Initials:				
/i	fisit Date:// Evaluator Initials:				
	udy Visit:				
	NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TES	TING BATTERY			
	Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions the administration of this assessment	Manual for details instructions on			
Was any part of the remainder of the Neuropsychological Testing Battery administered?					
	If No, please provide the primary reason: Physical problem Verbal refusal				
	Cognitive/behavior problem Uther problem (specify):				
	Date of Examination:/ (M	IM/DD/YYYY)			
	Indicate the primary language used when administeri	ing the remainder of the tests.			
	Language of test administration: English				
	Spanish				
	Other (specify):				

	Figure 612 Tuper entil Tuerrage 60	mpicuon daideimes
Su	ıbject Number:	Subject Initials:
St	udy Visit:	
	Scores for item 1 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Reco	all (Immediate) Worksheets
	Craft Story 21 Recall (Immediate): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring: a) Total story units recalled, paraphrage scories.	:[0-44]
	c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scoring	
	Method of Administration: In-person	n Uideo Dhone
	Scores for item 2 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Reco	all (Delayed) Worksheets
	2. Craft Story 21 Recall (Delayed):a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 3a: [95-98]
	b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring:	:[0-44]
	c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scori	ng: [0-25]
	d) Delay time (minutes):	Unknown [0-85]
	e) Cue ("boy") needed:	☐ No ☐ Yes
	Scores for items 3-4 correspond to the Number Span T Worksheets	Test (Forward & Backward)
	3. Number Span Test — Forward:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 4a: [95-98]
	b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
	c) Longest span forward:	[0, 3-9]
	Method of Administration: In-person	n 🗌 Video 🔲 Phone
	4. Number Span Test — Backward: a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 5a: [95-98]
	b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
	c) Longest span backward:	[0, 2-8]

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Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	
Study Visit:	
Scores for item 5 correspond to the Category Fluency	Worksheets
5. Category Fluency – Animals:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 6a: [95-98]
b) Total number of animals named in 60 secon	nds: [0-77]
Method of Administration: In-perso	n 🗌 Video 🔲 Phone
Scores for item 6 correspond to the Verbal Fluency Wo MoCA	orksheets, administered as part of the
6. Verbal Fluency – Phonemic Tests (words bega) If test not completed, enter reason code and	-
b) Number of correct F-words generated in 1	minute: [0-40]
c) Number of F-words repeated in 1 minute:	[0-15]
d) Number of non-F-words and rule violation	errors in 1 minute: [0-15]
Scores for items 7-8 correspond to the Trail Making A	& B Worksheets
7. Trail Making Test A:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 8a: [94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not fi	nished by 150 seconds, enter 150)
	[0-150]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]
8. Trail Making Test B:	
a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 9a: [94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not fi	nished by 300 seconds, enter 300):
	[0-300]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]

ubject Number:	Subject Initials:
'isit Date: / /	Evaluator Initials:
tudy Visit:	
Scores for item 9 correspond to the Multilingual Name If no semantic cues were given, select N/A for Question If no phonemic cues were given, select N/A for Question	n 9e.
9. Multilingual Naming Test (MINT):a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 10a: [94-98]
b) Total score (9c + 9e):	[0-32]
c) Total correct without any cues (Uncued):	[0-32]
d) Semantic cues – Number given:	[0-32]
e) Semantic cues – Number correct with cue:	□ N/A[0-32]
f) Phonemic cues – Number given:	[0-32]
g) Phonemic cues – Number correct with cue:	□ N/A[0-32]
Method of Administration:	rson 🗌 Video

ubject Number:	Subject Initials:			
fisit Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
udy Visit:				
Scores for item 10 correspond to your sites specific sco	oring instructions for the CVLT, CVLT-			
SF, HVLT, SEVLT, or other with list learning with imme				
10. Word list learning with immediate/delay/rec a) Name of test:	ognition: CVLT			
☐ CVLT-SF ☐	SEVLT [Spanish]			
Other (specify):				
b) Total number of words on list:				
c) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 11a: [95-98]			
d) Learning Trial 1:				
e) Learning Trial 2:				
f) Learning Trial 3:				
g) Learning Trial 4:	□ N/A			
h) Learning Trial 5:	□ N/A			
i) Delay duration (if multiple options choose l	ongest):			
j) Delayed recall (if multiple delay options, ch	oose longest):			
k) Recognition hits:				
l) Recognition false positives:				
Method of Administration:	on Video Phone			
Scores for items 11 correspond to the Verbal Naming	Test Worksheet			
11. Verbal Naming:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	d skip to question 12a: [94-98]			
b) Total correct without a cue:	[0-50]			
c) Total correct with phonemic cue:	[0-50]			

Sı	ubject Number:	Subject Initials:
Vi	isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
St	cudy Visit:	
	Scores for items 12-13 correspond to the Oral Trail Mo	iking Test Parts A & B Worksheets
	12. Oral Trail Making Test A: a) If test not completed, enter reason code and	l skip to question 13a: [94-98]
	b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not	finished by 100 seconds, enter 100)
		[0-100]
	i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
	ii. Total number correct: Method of Administration: In-person	n Uideo [0-25]
	13. Oral Trail Making Test B:	
	a) If test not completed, enter reason code:	[94-98]
	b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not	finished by 300 seconds, enter 300)
		[0-300]
	i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
	ii. Total number correct:	[0-25]

Subject Number:		Subject Initials:				
			Evaluator Initials:			
Study Visit:						
	<u>CI</u>	DR (CLINICAL D	EMENTI	IA RATIN	<u>G)</u>	
Please refer to th administration o		Evaluator's Instruc ent	ctions Mai	nual for de	tails instructions	on the
Was the CDR adı	ministered?					
□ No □] Yes					
If No, plea	ase provide th	ne primary reason	ı: 🗌 Phys	sical probl	em 🔲 Verbal re	efusal
Cognitive/be	havior proble	em 🗌 Other pr	oblem (s _]	pecify):		
Date of Evaluation	on: /	/	(MM/DE	O/YYYY)		
Method of Admi	nistration:	In-person	☐ Vid	eo 🗌	Phone	
Section 1: Stand	dard CDR					
Please enter score		0 .: 11	IMPAI	RMENT	Г	Г
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mil	d – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
1. Memory	No memory loss, or slight inconsistent forgetfulness	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness	Moderate loss, more for recent defect int with ever activities	t events; erferes ryday	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain
2. Orientation	Fully oriented	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships	with time relationsl	hips; for place at ion; may graphic ation	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place	Oriented to person only

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

3. Judgment and problem solving	Solves everyday problems, handles business and financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually maintained	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually impaired	Unable to make judgments or solve problems
Please enter score			IMPAIRMENT	Γ	Γ
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
4. Community affairs — · —	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups	Slight impairment in these activities	Unable to function independently at these activities, although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears well enough to be taken to functions outside the family home	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears too ill to be taken to functions outside the family home
5. Home and hobbies	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests slightly impaired	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned	Only simple chores preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained	No significant function in the home
6. Personal care	Fully capable o	of self-care (= 0).	Needs prompting	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence
8. STA	8 STANDARD GLOBAL CDR				

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

Section 2: Supplemental CDR					
Please enter score			IMPAIRMENT		
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
9. Behavior, comportment, and personality	Socially appropriate behavior	Questionable changes in comportment, empathy, appropriateness of actions	Mild but definite changes in behavior	Moderate behavioral changes, affecting interpersonal relationships and interactions in a significant manner	Severe behavioral changes, making interpersonal interactions all unidirectional
10. Language	No language difficulty, or occasional mild tip-of- the tongue	Consistent mild word-finding difficulties; simplification of word choice; circumlocution; decreased phrase length; and/or mild comprehension difficulties	Moderate word- finding difficulty in speech; cannot name objects in environment; reduced phrase length and/or agrammatical speech and/or reduced comprehension in conversation and reading	Moderate to severe impairments in either speech or comprehension; has difficulty communicating thoughts; writing may be slightly more effective	Severe comprehension deficits; no intelligible speech

Su	bject Number:	Subject I	nitials:	
	sit Date:///		Initials:	
St	udy Visit:			
	GDS (GERIATRIC DEPR	ESSION SCAI	<u>.E)</u>	
	ase refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions ninistration of this assessment	Manual for det	ails instructions	on the
Wa	s the GDS administered?			
	No Yes			
	If No, please provide the primary reason: \Box F	hysical proble	m 🗌 Verbal re	fusal
	Cognitive/behavior problem	(specify):		
Dat	Date of Evaluation: / (MM/DD/YYYY)			
Sco	Scores for items 1-15 correspond to the Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS) Worksheet			
		Yes	No	Did not answer
1.	Are you basically satisfied with your life?			
2.	Have you dropped many of your activities and interests?			
3.	Do you feel that your life is empty?			
4.	Do you often get bored?			
5.	Are you in good spirits most of the time?			
6.	Are you afraid that something bad is going to happen to you?			

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines

Subject Number: ______ Subject Initials: ______

Visit Date: ___/___/ Evaluator Initials: ______

Study Visit:

	Yes	No	Did not answer
7. Do you feel happy most of the time?			
8. Do you often feel helpless?			
9. Do you prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doing new things?			
10. Do you feel you have more problems with memory than most people?			
11. Do you think it is wonderful to be alive?			
12. Do you feel pretty worthless the way you are now?			
13. Do you feel full of energy?			
14. Do you feel that your situation is hopeless?			
15. Do you think that most people are better off than you are?			

ubject Number:		Subject Initials:	
isit Date://		Evaluator Initials:	
tudy Visit:			
	<u>LABORATORY TE</u>	<u>SSTS</u>	
Date of Collection:	/(MM	/DD/YYYY)	
Only enter test results from labs conducted within the last 3 months. Exception: Serum creatining value may be collected from existing lab results within one year of the baseline visit. Individual dates labs were conducted will not be captured. Please enter the date the lab data was collected or retrieved from medical records for 'Date of Collection.' If fasting conditions are unknown, mark "not fasting". All tests denoted with * are required. Cholesterol related labs, blood sugar, and homocysteine should be collected under fasting conditions when possible.			ne visit. e lab data was
PHYSIOLOGIC MEASU	JRES		
Measure	Fasting	Resul	t
1. HS-CRP	N/A	mg/L	☐ Not Done
2. HbA1c*	N/A	mmol/mol	☐ Not Done
3. Blood Sugar	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting	mmol/L	☐ Not Done
4. Serum cholesterol*	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting	mg/dL	☐ Not Done
5. HDL cholesterol*	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting	mg/dL	☐ Not Done
6. LDL cholesterol*	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting	mg/dL	☐ Not Done
7. Triglycerides*	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting	mg/dL	☐ Not Done
8. Homocysteine	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting	mg/dL	☐ Not Done
9. Serum creatinine*	N/A	mg/dL	☐ Not Done

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines Subject Number: __ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ Subject Initials: ____ ___ Evaluator Initials: ____ ___ Study Visit: **GENETICS** ☐ No ☐ Yes Have any genetic tests been performed? If yes: APOE genotype: ☐ E2/E2 ☐ E2/E3 ☐ E2/E4 ☐ E3/E3 ☐ E3/E4 ☐ E4/E4 ☐ Not Done

☐ No

Has a GWAS been completed?

Yes

	Mark v ClD r aper CKi r ackage completion duidennes				
Subject Number:		Subject Initials:			
Visit Date: / /		Evaluator Initials:			
St	Study Visit:				
	SAMPLE COLLECTION: CSF	COLLECTION			
	Status:				
	If not collected, reason not collected:				
Date CSF Samples Collected:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)		(MM/DD/YYYY)			
	Time since last meal: hours				
	Time Collected: : (24 hour clock)				
	Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no middle name)				
	Pre-Centrifugation sample: Appearance: Clear Cloudy Color: Pink Other (specify	7):			
	Number of 0.25 mL aliquots:				

Subject Number:		
sit Date://		
Study Visit:		
Were there any deviations?	Yes	
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that Sample not placed on dry ice or in -80° C If selected, please select one of the following Placed on dry ice or in freezer within Placed on dry ice or in freezer 30-60 Placed on dry ice or in freezer 60+ recommendations.	freezer immediately after aliquoting owing: n 30 minutes of aliquoting 0 minutes after aliquoting	
☐ The participant was NOT fasting for a minimum of 6 hours prior to collection ☐ Other deviation (specify):		

Sı	ubject Number: Subject Initials:				
	isit Date:// Evaluator Initials:				
St	tudy Visit:				
	SAMPLE COLLECTION: PLASMA COLLECTION				
	Status: Collected Not Collected				
	If not collected, reason not collected:				
	Date Plasma Samples Collected: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)			
	Time since last meal: (hours)				
Time Collected: : (24 hour clock)					
	Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no mid	ldle name)			
	Number of 0.25 mL plasma aliquots:				
	Number of 1 mL packed cell aliquots for DNA:				
	Temperature of Centrifugation: °C				
Did plasma remain pink after centrifugation, indicating hemolysis?					
	Storage temperature: °C				

MarkvCiD Paper CKF Package Completion Guidennes				
Subject Number:	Subject Initials:			
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
Study Visit:				
Were there any deviations?	Yes			
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all tha Sample tube was not inverted 5-10 times	t apply):			
☐ Sample not spun within 2 hours of collect If selected, please select one of the follo ☐ Spun 2-3 hours after collection ☐ Spun 3-4 hours after collection ☐ Spun 4+ hours after collection				
☐ Sample not spun at 2000g If selected, please select one of the follo ☐ Spun slower than 2000g ☐ Spun faster than 2000g	wing:			
☐ Sample not spun for 10 minutes If selected, please select one of the follo ☐ Spun <10 minutes ☐ Spun >10 minutes	wing:			
☐ Sample not placed on dry ice or in -80° C of the folloom of the follow of the following	wing: n 30 minutes of aliquoting n minutes after aliquoting			
Other deviation (specify):				

Si	ubject Number:	Subject Initials:		
V	isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:		
	tudy Visit:			
	SAMPLE COLLECTION: SERUM	M COLLECTION		
	Status:			
	If not collected, reason not collected:			
	Date Serum Samples Collected: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)		
	Time since last meal: (hours)			
	Time Collected: : (24 hour clock)			
	Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no mid	ldle name)		
	Number of 0.25 mL aliquots:			
	Temperature of Centrifugation: °C			
	Did serum remain pink after centrifugation, indica	ating hemolysis?		
	Storage temperature: °C			

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:	
	Evaluator Initials:	
Study Visit:		
Were there any deviations?	Yes	
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that apply): After collection, sample not allowed to sit in vertical position for 30-60 minutes (select all that apply): Sample not kept vertical Sample did not sit for 30-60 minutes after collection If selected, please select one of the following: Sample sat <30 minutes Sample sat >60 minutes		
☐ Sample not spun at 2000g If selected, please select one of the following ☐ Spun slower than 2000g ☐ Spun faster than 2000g	wing:	
☐ Sample not spun for 10 minutes If selected, please select one of the following spun <10 minutes ☐ Spun >10 minutes	wing:	
☐ Sample not placed on dry ice or in -80° C for the following of the foll	wing: n 30 minutes of aliquoting minutes after aliquoting	
Other deviation (specify):		

ubject Number:	Subject Initials:	
isit Date://	Evaluator Initials:	
tudy Visit:		
SAMPLE COLLECTION: PLATELET POOR I	PLASMA (PPP) COLLECTION	
Status: Collected Not Collected		
If not collected, reason not collected:		
Date PPP Samples Collected: / (MM/DD/YYYY)		
Time Collected: : (24 hour clock)		
Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no middle name)		
Time since last meal: hours		
Number of 0.25 mL aliquots:		
Did plasma remain pink after centrifugation, indicating hemolysis? No Yes		
Storage temperature: °C		

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:	
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:	
Study Visit:		
Were there any deviations?	Yes	
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that apply): Sample tube was not inverted 5-10 times		
Sample not spun within 2 hours of collection If selected, please complete the following: Spun hours after collection (round to nearest hour)		
Sample not spun at 500g (first centrifugation step) If selected, please complete the following: Speed sample spun at: g		
Sample not spun for 20 minutes (first center of selected, please complete the following Duration of spin: min		
Sample not spun at 20C (first centrifugation of spin: C		
Sample not mixed at a 1:1 ratio after first If selected, please complete the followin Volume of supernatant (platelet rich please volume of DBS with additives: m	ng: asma): mL	
Sample not spun at 2,200g (second centri If selected, please complete the followin Speed sample spun at: g		
Sample not spun for 20 minutes (second of selected, please complete the following Duration of spin: min		
Deviations (continued):		

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:			
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
Study Visit:				
☐ Sample not spun at 20C (second centrifuge If selected, please complete the following Temperature of spin: C ☐ Sample not placed on dry ice or in -80° CON If selected, please select one of the following Placed on dry ice or in freezer withing ☐ Placed on dry ice or in freezer 30-600 ☐ Placed on dry ice or in freezer 60+ more placed on dry ice or in freeze	freezer immediately after aliquoting owing: n 30 minutes of aliquoting 0 minutes after aliquoting minutes after aliquoting			
Other deviation (specify):				

Date of Imaging: ____/___(MM/DD/YYYY)

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:			
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:			
Study Visit:				
OCTA SCREENING WOL	<u>RKSHEET</u>			
Date of OCTA Screening: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)			
Exclusion Criteria If the subject answers "yes" to any questions under #1-4, on the subject.	please DO NOT perfo	orm OC	TA test	ting
Criterion		No	Yes	N/A
1. Have you ever been diagnosed with any of the follo	wing eye diseases?			
1.1. Glaucoma				
1.2. Diabetic Retinopathy				
1.3. <u>Advanced</u> Dry Age-Related Macular Degenerati	on			
1.4. <u>Advanced</u> Wet Age-Related Macular Degenerat	ion			
2. Have you ever had any of the following procedures	done?			
2.1. Laser Surgery on either eye for any reason (exc refractive procedures such as LASIK or cataract	<u> </u>			
2.2. Injections into or around either eye (excluding procedures)	cosmetic			

MarkVCID Paper CRF Package Completion Guidelines

Subject Number: ______ Subject Initials: ______

Visit Date: ___/___/ Evaluator Initials: ______

Study Visit:

Criterion No Yes N/A

Study Visit:			
Criterion	No	Yes	N/A
3. If you have had your eyes dilated for an examination in the past,	1		
3.1. Did you have a problem or allergy (excluding blurry vision)? (Mark not applicable if patient has never had their eyes dilated for an eye examination)			
3.2. Were you told not to get dilated again? (Mark not applicable if patient has never had their eyes dilated for an eye examination)			
4. Do you take any prescription eye drops (excluding artificial tears)?			
OCTA Enrollment			
If the subject answered "Yes" to any of the exclusion criteria above, please ind subject cannot undergo OCTA testing. If the subject answered "No" or "N/A" to all of the exclusion criteria above, please are enrolled in OCTA testing. Please note that the screening criteria above are not entered into the EDC. The question below is recorded on the "OCTA: Initial/Follow-Up" form in the EDC.	ease ind ne respo	dicate t	that
Subject cannot undergo OCTA testing because of exclusion criteria Subject is enrolled in OCTA testing and agrees to dilation of right eye. If not agree to dilation, they are not eligible for enrollment in the study	the sub	ject do	oes

Subject Number:	Subje	ct Initial	ls:	
Visit Date://				
Study Visit:				
OCTA: INITI	<u>AL</u>			
Date of OCTA Scans: / /	(MM/DI	D/YYYY))	
Right Eye Dilation				
One drop of each of the following should be used in the Tropicamide 1%, Phenylephrine 2.5%. The drops will minutes. Inform patient that their vision may be temp pain within 24 hours call for evaluation immediately.	burn for a orarily blu	ı few seco urred for	nds. Dilat several ho	ion takes 10 ours. If any
Subject's right eye is topically anesthetized with	1-2 drops	Propara	caine 0.5%	6
$\hfill \square$ Subject's right eye is dilated with 1-2 drops each	of:			
☐ Tropicamide 1%				
☐ Phenylephrine 2.5%				
Other (specify):				
(Note: If subject does not appear well dilated after 1 another drop of each dilating drop)) minutes	s it is reas	sonable to	administer
OCTA Scans				
Scans of the right eye should be completed first, then t "Angiography 3x3 mm" scans first, followed by the "Open of signal strength 8 or higher should be saved. Four re should be captured.	otic Disc C	Sube 200x	200" scan	s. Only scans
Scan Number		Signa	l Strengtl	1
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1] 8] 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2] 8] 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3] 8 [] 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4] 8] 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:	 Subject In	nitials:	
Visit Date: / /	Evaluator	r Initials: _	
Study Visit:			
Scan Number	S	ignal Stren	gth
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1	3	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1	3	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2	3	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3	<u></u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3 🗌 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:		Su	bject Initi	als:
Visit Date://		Ev	aluator In	itials:
Study Visit:				
Please answer the questions below				
Has the subject seen an eye doctor in the past 5 years?		No	☐ Yes	Unknown
1a. <i>If yes,</i> has the subject released the medical records from this time period?		No	Yes	Unknown
2. Does the subject wear glasses or contacts?		No	Yes	Unknown
2a. <i>If yes,</i> are they worn to improve reading vision?		No	Yes	Unknown
2b. <i>If yes,</i> are they worn to improve distance vision?		No	Yes	Unknown
3. Has the subject ever had any of the following?				
3a. Cataract Surgery on Right Eye		No	☐ Yes	Unknown
3b. Cataract Surgery on Left Eye		No	☐ Yes	Unknown
Same-Day Retest				
Was this the initial OCTA scan?		No	Yes	
If this was the initial OCTA scan, was a retest completed on the same day?		No	Yes	
If this patient is participating in the test-retest protein below	ocol, ¡	olea	se use the '	"OCTA: Test/Retest" forms

Subject Number:	Sı	ubject Init	tials:	
Visit Date: / /	E	valuator I	nitials:	
Study Visit:				
OCTA: TEST/RETEST	<u>Γ – SA</u>	ME DAY		
If this patient is participating in the test-retest proto strengths for the same-day test-retest scans	col, ple	ease use thi	is form to re	ecord signal
Date of OCTA Scans: / /	(MM	I/DD/YYY	YY)	
Right Eye Dilation				
One drop of each of the following should be used in t Tropicamide 1%, Phenylephrine 2.5%. The drops wil minutes. Inform patient that their vision may be tem pain within 24 hours call for evaluation immediately	ll burn porari	for a few so ly blurred f	econds. Dila for several I	tion takes 10 nours. If any
Subject's right eye is topically anesthetized with	1-2 di	rops Propa	racaine 0.5	5%
Subject's right eye is dilated with 1-2 drops of				
☐ Tropicamide 1%				
☐ Phenylephrine 2.5%				
Other (specify):				
(Note: If subject does not appear well dilated after another drop of each dilating drop)	10 min	utes it is r	easonable t	o administer
OCTA Scans				
Scans of the right eye should be completed first, then "Angiography 3x3 mm" scans first, followed by the "Of signal strength 8 or higher should be saved. Four should be captured.	Optic D	isc Cube 20	00x200" sca	ns. Only scans
Scan Number		Sig	nal Streng	th
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1	□8	<u> </u>	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2	8	<u> </u>	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3	□ 8	<u> </u>	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4	8	<u> </u>	□ 10	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:	 Subject In	itials:	
Visit Date://	Evaluator	Initials:	
Study Visit:			
Scan Number	Si	gnal Streng	th
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1			☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4	3 🗌 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3 🗌 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:	s	ubject Init	ials:	
Visit Date: / /	E	valuator I	nitials:	
Study Visit:				
OCTA: TEST/RETEST - Y	<u>WITH</u>	IN 14 DAY	<u>YS</u>	
If this patient is participating in the test-retest proto strengths for the test-retest scans completed within				
Date of OCTA Scans: / /	(MN	//DD/YYY	YY)	
Right Eye Dilation				
One drop of each of the following should be used in t Tropicamide 1%, Phenylephrine 2.5%. The drops will minutes. Inform patient that their vision may be tem pain within 24 hours call for evaluation immediately	ll burn porari	for a few se	econds. Dila	ition takes 10
Subject's right eye is topically anesthetized with	1-2 d	rops Propa	racaine 0.5	5%
☐ Subject's right eye is dilated with 1-2 drops of				
☐ Tropicamide 1%				
Phenylephrine 2.5%				
Other (specify):				
(Note: If subject does not appear well dilated after another drop of each dilating drop)	10 mir	nutes it is r	easonable t	to administer
OCTA Scans				
Scans of the right eye should be completed first, then "Angiography 3x3 mm" scans first, followed by the "Of signal strength 8 or higher should be saved. Four should be captured.	Optic D	isc Cube 20	00x200" sca	ns. Only scans
Scan Number		Sign	nal Streng	th
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1	□8	<u> </u>	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2	□ 8	□ 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3	8	□ 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4	□ 8	□ 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:	 Subject In	itials:	
Visit Date://	Evaluator	Initials:	
Study Visit:			
Scan Number	Siş	gnal Streng	th
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1			☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3 🗆 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Right Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 1	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 2	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 3	3 🗆 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Angiography 3x3 mm Scan 4	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 1	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 2	3 🗌 9	□ 10	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 3	3 🗌 9	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done
Left Eye Optic Disc Cube 200x200 Scan 4	3	<u> </u>	☐ Not Done

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date: / / /	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

HOLLINGSHEAD INDEX

1 - Major Professionals/ Higher Executives/
Proprietors of Large
Concerns
Administrator of Business
Architects
Bank Presidents
Business Owners
Certified Public Accountant
Chief Executive/CEO, CFO, COO
Clergy
Commissioned Officers in the Military
Dentists
Economists
Engineers/ Masters level and above
Executive Vice President
Lawyers/ Judges
Major Contractors
Physicians
President of a Large
Company
Professor/ University
Teachers
Psychologists
Research Scientists/ PhD
Veterinarians
VP of Large Business
Other/unknown major
professional etc

professional etc.

2 - Lesser Professionals/ Business Managers of Medium-Sized Businesses
Accountants
Advertising Executives
Art Director
Branch Managers
Building Contractors
Business Managers
Chiropractors
Computer Programmer
Database Developer
Engineers- no advanced
degree
Executive Managers
Farm Owners
Furniture Business
Gallery Instructor- Museum, Art gallery
Government Officials
Jewelers
Labor Relations Consultant
Librarians
Manufacturing Owners
Mathematician
Musicians
Nurses
Office Managers
Opticians
Personnel Managers

Pharmacists
Police Chief/ Sheriff
Postmaster
Production Managers/ TV/
Radio
Public Health Officers
Purchasing Managers
Real Estate Brokers
Research Assistants
Sales Engineers
Sales Managers
School Guidance Counselor
Social Workers
Teachers/ Elementary & High
School
Theatre Owners
Other or unknown lesser
professional etc.

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

3 - Administrative Personnel, Small **Business Owners, Minor Professionals** Actors **Administrative Assistants Advertising Agents** Artists Auto Claims Supervisor Bakers **Beauty Shop Owners** Chefs Chief Clerks Clerk- not professionally trained **Court Reporters Credit Managers** Department Store Manager **Deputy Sheriffs** Dispatchers Federal and State Government Officials **Florists Funeral Directors Government Officials Insurance Agents Laboratory Assistants** Landscape Planners Mechanical Inspector Military NCO/Sgts Morticians Newspaper/ TV Reporters Nutritionist Oral Hygienists Photographers Piano Teachers Plumbers **Quality Control** Radio/TV Announcers

Real Estate Agents
Restaurant Owners
Sales Representatives
Service Managers
Small Business Owners
Store Managers
Surveyors
Title Searchers
Tool Designers
Traffic Managers
Travel Agents
Veterinary Assistant
Yard Masters/ Rail Road
Other or unknown admin etc.

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

4 - Clerical and Sales Workers,
Technicians, Owners of Little Businesses
Bank Tellers
Bill Collectors
Bookkeepers
Clerk
Claims Examiners
Dental Technician
Draftsman
Driving Teacher
Factory Supervisors
Farmers
Flower Shop Worker
Human Resource Interviewer
Laboratory Technicians
Medical Secretary
Newsstand Operator
Post Office Clerk
R.R. Conductors
Railroad Train Engineers
Retail Clerks
Route Managers
Sales
Sales Clerks
Secretaries/ Stenographers
Shipping Clerks
Tailor
Tax Clerks
Telephone Company Worker
Telephone Operators
Timekeepers
Toll Collectors
Tower Operators
Truck Dispatchers

Typists
Utility Worker
Warehouse Clerks
Window Store Trimmers
Other or unknown clerical etc.

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

5 - Skilled Manual Employees
Auto Body Repairs
Barbers
Blacksmiths
Boiler Repairmen
Bookbinders
Brewers
Bulldozer Operators
Cabinet Makers
Carpenters
Cement Layers/ Finishers
Cheese Makers
Construction Foreman
Diemakers
Electricians
Engravers
Exterminators
Firemen
Gardner's/ Landscape
Glassblowers
Glaziers
Gun Smiths
Hair Stylists
Home Repairmen
Kitchen Workers/ Cooks
Locksmiths
Machinists
Mailmen

Maintenance Foreman Masons Mechanics Millwrights Painters Paperhangers Patrolmen Piano Builders Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders Other or unknown skilled manual etc.	
Mechanics Millwrights Painters Paperhangers Patrolmen Piano Builders Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Maintenance Foreman
Millwrights Painters Paperhangers Patrolmen Piano Builders Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Masons
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Paperhangers Patrolmen Piano Builders Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio / TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Millwrights
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Piano Builders Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Paperhangers
Piano Tuners Plumbers Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Patrolmen
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Policemen Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Piano Tuners
Postmen Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Plumbers
Printers Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Policemen
Radio/ TV Maintenance Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Postmen
Rail Road Brakeman Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Printers
Repair Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Radio/ TV Maintenance
Sheet metal Workers Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Rail Road Brakeman
Ship smiths Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Repair
Shoe Repairmen Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Sheet metal Workers
Tile Layers Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Ship smiths
Tool Makers Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Shoe Repairmen
Upholsterers Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Tile Layers
Utility Linemen Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Tool Makers
Watchmakers Weavers Welders	Upholsterers
Weavers Welders	Utility Linemen
Welders	Watchmakers
	Weavers
Other or unknown skilled manual etc	Welders
Other of ulikilowii Skilled Illandal etc.	Other or unknown skilled manual etc.

Subject Number:	Subject Initials:
Visit Date://	Evaluator Initials:
Study Visit:	

6 - Machine Operators and Semiskilled Employees

Wine Bottlers
Wood Workers
Wrappers- Stores and
Factories
Other or unknown semi-
skilled manual etc.

Waiters/ Waitresses

7 - Unskilled Employees
Amusement Park Workers
Cafeteria Workers
Car Cleaners
Construction Laborers
Dairy Workers
Deck Hands
Domestics
Farm Helpers
Fishermen
Freight Handlers
Grave Diggers
Homemaker
Hospital Housekeepers
Janitors
Junk/ Recycle Sorters
Laundry Workers
Messengers
Peddlers
Porters
Roofer Laborers
Shoe Shiners
Stagehands
Stock Handlers
Street Cleaners
Unemployed
Unskilled Factory Workers
Unspecified Laborers
Window Cleaners
Woodchoppers
Other or unknown unskilled

S	emiskilled Employees
	pprentices
	Electrician/Printers/etc.)
	ssembly Line Workers
В	artenders
В	uilding Superintendent
В	us Drivers
C	ab/ Taxi Drivers
C	ashiers
С	ooks- Short Order
D	Pelivery men
D	ry Cleaning Pressers
Е	levator Operators
Е	nlisted Military Personnel
	actory Machine Operators
F	actory Workers
F	oundry Workers
G	arage and Gas Station
	ssistants
G	reenhouse Workers
G	uards, Security Watchmen
Н	lousekeepers
	fachine Operators and
	emiskilled 4 C
	leat Cutters/ Packers
	leter Readers
	Oil Delivery Men
	ractical Nurses
	ump Operators
	leceivers and Checkers
R	loofers
S	eamstresses
S	ignal Men- Rail Road
T	'esters
T	rucker Driver