



MarkVCID2 Case Report Form Package: Follow-Up Visit

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By the MarkVCID Clinical Data, Physiological Data & Cognitive Assessments Subcommittee (Deborah Blacker, MD, ScD, Chair) and Coordinating Center (PI Steven Greenberg, MD, PhD).

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Patient ID:
DEMOGRAPHICS AND RELATED ELEMENTS: FOLLOW-UP
Collected? No Yes
Reason not collected:
Date of Collection: / (MM/DD/YYYY)
Sex: Male Female
Subject's current marital status: **Living as married may be applied to either heterosexual or same-sex relationships. Select *Unknown* only if the subject or co-participant is unable or unwilling to identify the subject's marital status. Married Never married (or marriage was annulled) Widowed Living as married/domestic partner
☐ Divorced ☐ Separated ☐ Unknown
What is the subject's living situation? Lives alone
Lives with one other person: a spouse or partner
Lives with one other person: a relative, friend, or roommate
Lives with caregiver who is not spouse/partner, relative, or friend
Lives with a group (related or not related) in a private residence
Lives in group home (e.g., assisted living, nursing home, convent)
Unknown
What is the subject's level of independence? Select the box for the category that most accurately describes the level of activity the subject is able to do. If the subject or co-participant indicates that the subject is able to perform complex activities but is not doing the activities because of her/his living situation, the subject is still considered to be able to live independently. Able to live independently
Requires some assistance with complex activities
Requires some assistance with basic activities
Completely dependent
Unknown
ZIP Code (first three digits) of subject's primary residence: Unknown

Patient ID:				
]	MEDICAL AND NEUROL	OGICAL: FOLLO	W-UP	
Collected? No Y	es			
Reason not collected:				
Date of Collection: /	/(MM/	'DD/YYYY)		
Date of Last Study Visit:	//	(MM/DD/YYYY)		
CIGARETTE SMOKING				
Has the subject smoked sin	nce their last study visit?	□ No [Yes	Unknown
	If No or	Unknown , skip to	Cardiovascular	r Disease section
Average number of packs smoked per day since the last study visit:	☐ 1 cigarette to less than 1☐ 2 packs or more	•	☐ ½ pack to les ☐ 1½ packs to l ☐ Unknown	s than 1 pack ess than 2 packs
If the subject has quit smoking since the last study visit , specify that age at which he/she last smoked (i.e., quit):				
If he/sh	If the exact age is unknowne still smokes, select N/A . I			
NEW CARDIOVASCULAR	DISEASE DIAGNOSED SIN	ICE MOST RECENT	T STUDY VISIT	
Since the most recent studiagnosed with any new ca	-	een 🔲 l	No Ye	S
If yes:		No	Yes	Not Assessed
Heart attack/cardiac arres	t			
If yes, more than one h	eart attack?			
Age at most recent hea	rt attack:	Unknow	'n	
If the exact age is unkn estimate, select Unknov	own, ask the subject and/o v n checkbox.	r co-participant to	estimate. If he/s	he cannot
Atrial fibrillation				
Angioplasty/ endarterecto	my/ stent			
Cardiac bypass procedure				
Pacemaker and/or defibril	lator			
Congestive heart failure				
Angina				

Patient ID:					
NEW CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE DIAGNOSED SINCE MOST RECENT STUDY VISIT (cont.)					
				Not Assessed	
Heart valve repla	acement or rep	air			
Type of replacement/repair [(select all that apply):		☐ Mitral ☐ ☐ Other (specify		nknown	
Type of repla (select all the			☐ Bioprosthetic	☐ Mechani	cal
, ,	•	s, ask whether the sub e last study visit othe	,	•	ew
For other cardiova	scular disease, ei	nter 'N/A' if absent	No	Yes	Not Assessed
Other cardiovaso	cular disease (s	pecify):			
Other cardiovascular disease (specify):					
Other cardiovaso	cular disease (s	pecify):			
NEW CEREBRO	VASCULAR EV	ENTS DIAGNOSED SI	NCE MOST RECE	NT STUDY VISIT	•
	-	isit, has the patient b ite Vascular Event?	een diagnosed	□ No □	Yes
If yes, complete	the following				
Event	Age at Event	Type of Symptomatic Vascular Event	Stroke/Acute	Temporally assoc persistent worser	
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 1	— — ∐Unknown	Ischemic Stroke type unknown TIA with clear ischemic mechanism Hemorrhagic		No Yes Unknown	<u> </u>
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 2	— — □Unknown			☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown	
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 3	— — □Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischemic mechanism ☐ Hemorrhagic ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 4	—— ∐Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ Yes			

Patient ID:				
NEW VENEZO COLO CON DEPONDE DA CANOCED CANO				
NEW NEUROLOGIC CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED SINC		STUDY VISIT		
Since the most recent study visit , has the patient been dinew neurologic conditions?	lagnosed with any	☐ No	Yes	
Condition	No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Essential tremor				
Pseudobulbar affect (i.e., crying or laughing that appears involuntary and out-of-proportion to the situation)				
Seizures				
Traumatic brain injury (TBI)				
Include any reported TBI, including mild TBI and TBI withou	ut loss of consciousne	SS		
If TBI "yes":				
TBI with brief loss of consciousness (< 5 minutes)	☐ No ☐ Repeated	l/multiple	☐ Single ☐ Unknown	
TBI with extended loss of consciousness (≥ 5 minutes)	☐ No ☐ Single ☐ Unknow			
TBI without loss of consciousness (as might result from military detonations or sports injuries)?	m No Single Repeated/multiple Unknown			
If the subject has experienced multiple TBIs with loss of consciousness, but the time unconscious is unknown for all instances, select Unknown for Questions 2a and 2b. If for any of questions 2a, 2b, or 2c, the subject knows there has definitely been at least a single instance, but is unsure whether there has been more than one, select Single , and revise the entry on this form to Repeated/multiple at a future date if more specific information is available at a future date.				
Age at most recent TBI: Unknown				
If exact age is unknown, ask the subject and/or co-partici Unknown checkbox.	pant to estimate. If h	e/she cannot esti	mate, select	
NEW MEDICAL CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED SINCE MO	OST RECENT STUI	DY VISIT		
Since the most recent study visit , has the patient been dinew medical conditions?	agnosed with any	□ No	Yes	
Condition	No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Diabetes Mellitus				
☐ Type 1 ☐ Type 2 If recent/active or remote/inactive, which type? ☐ Other type (latent autoimmune diabetes/ type 1.5, gestational diabetes) ☐ Unknown				
Diagnosis of hypertension				
Is hypertension treated?	•			

Patient ID:				
NEW MEDICAL CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED SINCE	MOST RECENT STIII	DV VISIT (cont	inued)	
Condition	No No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Hypercholesterolemia				
B12 deficiency				
Thyroid disease				
Arthritis				
Type of arthritis: Rheumatoid Other (specify): _	Osteoarthritis Unknown			
	heumatoid arthritis and	l osteoarthritis, s	elect Rheumatoid .	
Region(s) affected (check all that apply):	☐ Upper extremity ☐ Lower extremity ☐ Spine ☐ Unknown			
Incontinence – urinary				
Incontinence – bowel				
Sleep apnea				
REM sleep behavior disorder (RBD)				
Hyposomnia/insomnia				

Patient ID:			
FAMILY HISTORY: FOLLOW-UP			
Collected? No Yes			
Reason not collected:			
Since the most recent study visit, is any new information available concerning the patient's family history?	□ No		Yes
Date of Collection: / / (MM/DD/YYYY)			
FAMILY HISTORY	No	Yes	Unknown
1. STROKE/TIA: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of symptomatic stroke or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, full siblings, or biological children who stroke and/or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism	have a hist	tory of sym	ptomatic
If yes:	T		
1a. Any cases with onset before age 55?			
1b. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?			
Select Yes if history of stroke and/or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism appears in every known generation of one side of the family (e.g., mother's family or father's family)			
2. ACQUIRED COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of cognitive impairment or dementia or Alzheimer's disease?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, full siblings, or biological children who a Alzheimer's disease, or have history of cognitive impairment	are affecte	d by demei	ntia,
If yes:	T		
2a. Any report of a case in the family with autopsy confirmation of Alzheimer's disease?			
2b. Any report of cases with autopsy confirmation of another cause of dementia?			
2c. Any cases with onset before age 65?			
2d. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?			
Select Yes if history of acquired cognitive impairment appears in every known family (e.g., mother's family or father's family)			de of the
3. If yes to EITHER autosomal dominant questions above (1b, 2d), complete t	he followi	ng:	
3a. Is there a known mutation? No Yes			
3b. If yes, please indicate which one: PSEN1 APP PSEN2 Other, specify gene if known:	CA	ADASIL	
Specify mutation if known:			
Although blood relatives might have evidence for more than one genetic muta mutation only. Evidence may be provided via family report, test, or other repo the gene. Then, indicate the mutation, if known. If the gene is not listed, select	rt or docui	mentation.	First, specify
3c. Does this individual carry the mutation? No Yes		ıknown	

Patient ID:			
GENERAL PHYSI	CAL MEASURES	į	
Were General Physical Measures performed? \(\subseteq\) No	Yes	<u> </u>	
	Cognitive/behavi Other problem (s	•	
Date of Collection:/(MM,	/DD/YYYY)		
VITAL SIGNS			
If any vitals cannot be obtained, skip and select 'Not De	one' in the EDC.		
1. Blood Pressure Measurement 1:/ Blood Pressure Measurement 2:/ Blood Pressure Measurement 3:/	mmHg mmHg	Not Done Not Done Not Done	
Measure seated at rest. Take 3 consecutive BP rea pressure cannot be obtained, skip and select 'Not .	0	ll be calculated in	EDC. If blood
2. Pulse: beats/minute	☐ Not Done		
3. Height: cm in	☐ Not Done		
4. Weight: kg	☐ Not Done		
ADDITIONAL PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS	No	Yes	Unknown
1. With or without corrective lenses, is the subject's vision functionally normal?			
Select No if any functional impairment exists (red or watching television).	uced ability to do	everyday activitie.	s such as reading
2. With or without a hearing aid(s), is the subject's hearing functionally normal?			
Select No if any functional impairment exists (red listening to the radio or television, talking with fa	•	everyday activitie.	s such as
SHORT PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE BATTERY			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Short Physical Performance instructions on the administration of this assessm	_	Training Manual	for detailed
•	ving exams, please = Cognitive/beha = Verbal refusal (vior problem	
1. Balance Test Score: (Side-by-side, semi-tandem, to	andem	[0-4, 95-98]	
2. Gait Speed Test Score:		[0-4, 95-98]	
3. Chair Stand Test Score:		[0-4, 95-98]	

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Patient ID:
NEUROLOGICAL EXAM
INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed findings to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome.
Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome.
Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present.
Was the Neurological Exam performed?
If No, please provide
Date of Collection:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)
PARKINSONIAN FEATURES
Were Parkinsonian signs present?
If any of the parkinsonian signs listed below are present, select Yes . Otherwise, select No and skip to Cerebrovascular Features section
Resting tremor – arm: a definite rest tremor, even if only intermittent, is sufficient to select Yes Slowing of fine motor movements: refers to movements such as finger tapping, hand pronation- supination, or foot- or toe-tapping. Significant slowing, even if slight or mild, is sufficient to select Yes. Rigidity – arm: rigidity should be judged on passive movement of major joints with patient relaxed in sitting position; cogwheeling and paratonia (gegenhalten) to be ignored. Any degree of rigidity is sufficient to select Yes. Bradykinesia: includes combining slowness, hesitancy, decreased arm swing, small amplitude, and poverty of movement in general. Any degree of overall bradykinesia is sufficient to select Yes. Parkinsonian gait disorder: features include slowing of gait, shuffling, festination, unilateral or bilateral decreased arm swing and/or tremor, slowness and difficulty on turning, and/or freezing during walking. Any degree of parkinsonian gait is sufficient to select Yes. Postural instability: involves inadequate response to sudden, strong posterior displacement produced by pull on shoulders while patient is erect with eyes open and feet slightly apart; patient is prepared. Taking more than two steps or requiring the examiner to catch the subject are examples of postural instability. Any degree of postural instability is sufficient to select Yes

Patient ID:				
Daylingonian Cigna, LEFT	No		Yes	Not Assessed
Parkinsonian Signs: LEFT	INO		T es	Not Assessed
1. Resting tremor – arm				
2. Slowing of fine motor movements				
3. Rigidity – arm				
Parkinsonian Signs: RIGHT	No		Yes	Not Assessed
4. Resting tremor – arm				
5. Slowing of fine motor movements				
6. Rigidity – arm				
Parkinsonian Signs:	No		Yes	Not Assessed
7. Bradykinesia				
8. Parkinsonian gait disorder				
9. Postural instability				
CEREBROVASCULAR FEATURES		<u>.</u>		
Were neurological signs considered by examiner to be		☐ No	☐ Ye	S
likely consistent with cerebrovascular disease presen If any of the signs consistent with CVD below are presen		s: otherwise	e. select No	and skin to
Other Findings section.				
Cortical cognitive deficit (e.g., aphasia, apraxia, neglect) Lateralized motor weakness: indicate as present if it is suspected that there is acquired proximal or distal extremity weakness attributable to cerebrovascular ischemia. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others): Indicate as present if it is suspected that there are brisk reflexes or increased tone attributable to cerebrovascular ischemia. Cortical visual field loss: involves homonymous hemianopsia or quadrantanopsia, or cortical blindness, excluding visual field loss due to optic nerve disease or injury. Somatosensory loss: involves sensory loss due to involvement of the cerebrum or brain stem, excluding sensory loss due to spinal-cord injury or peripheral neuropathy.				
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease		No	Yes	Not Assessed
1. Cortical cognitive deficit (e.g., aphasia, apraxia, neg	lect)			
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease: SIDE OF BODY	LEFT	No	Yes	Not Assessed
2. Lateralized motor weakness				
Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include patholog brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others)	ically			
4. Cortical visual field loss				
5. Somatosensory loss				

Patient ID:	•		
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease: RIGHT SIDE OF BODY	No	Yes	Not Assessed
6. Lateralized motor weakness			
Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others)			
8. Cortical visual field loss			
9. Somatosensory loss			
OTHER FINDINGS	No	Yes	Not Assessed
Patient demonstrates spontaneous, disproportionate or involuntary crying or laughing on examination			
2. Is magnetic gait apraxia present?			
Indicate whether gait apraxia characteristic of normal-pressure hy ischemia is present by selecting Yes . This determination should be a does not require an MRI.			
3. Higher cortical visual problem suggesting posterior cortical atrophy (e.g., prosopagnosia, simultagnosia, Balint's syndrome) or apraxia of gaze			
 Findings suggestive of progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), corticobasal syndrome (CBS), or other related disorders 			
 Findings suggesting ALS (e.g., muscle wasting, fasciculations, upper motor neuron and/or lower motor neuron signs) 			

Patient ID:				
COGNITIV	E DIAG	NOSIS		
Evaluated? No Yes				
Reason not evaluated:				
Date of Evaluation: / / (M	1M/DD/	YYYY)		
SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS (see page 38 for diagnostic criteria) Normal Cognition Mild cognitive imp			Subjective cogr	nitive decline (SCD)
Age of Onset of SCD, MCI, or mild dementia:	years		Unknown	
If any of the diseases listed below are present, select P not contributing to the cognitive impairment. If any d select Present and select the Non-contributing box.				
RELATED DIAGNOSES	Pre: No	sent Yes	Contributing	Non-contributing
Alzheimer's disease				
Vascular brain injury (based on clinical or imaging evidence)				
If present, indicate type of vascular brain injury (seld ☐ Small vessel stroke(s) ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that does not interfere wi ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that interferes with test p aphasia)* ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that interferes with MRI b	th test p erforma	erformar nce (e.g.,	nce or MRI post-stroke cognitiv	•
Traumatic brain injury (TBI)				
If present, indicate severity (select all that apply): TBI that does not interfere with test performance TBI that interferes with test performance (e.g., po TBI that interferes with MRI biomarker analysis (st-TBI co			ia)*
Depression or anxiety				
If present: Mild/well-controlled Seven	re/incom	pletely c	ontrolled*	
Alcohol abuse				
If present: Current alcohol abuse		Yes*	Unknown	
Hydrocephalus				
CNS neoplasm				
If present: ☐ Benign ☐ Malignant*				
Delirium				
Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)				

^{*}Diagnosis at this severity excluded at baseline; may appear at follow-up visit

Patient ID:			
RELATED DIAGNOSES (Diagnoses excluded at baseline; may appear at follow-up visit)	Present	Contributing	Non-contributing
Multiple system atrophy			
Frontotemporal lobar degeneration			
Huntington's disease			
Prion disease (CJD, other)			
HIV-Associated Neurocognitive Disorder			
Bipolar disorder			
Schizophrenia or other psychosis			
Lewy body disease			
Parkinson's disease			
OTHER DIAGNOSES	Present	Contributing	Non-contributing
Other psychiatric disease (specify):			
Other neurologic, genetic, or infectious conditions not listed above (specify):			
Other substance abuse			
Systemic disease/medical illness			
Cognitive impairment due to medications			
Cognitive impairment NOS:			

Patient ID:	

MoCA (MONTREAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT)			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment			
Was any part of the MoCA administered? No Yes			
If No, please provide Physical problem Cognitive/behavior problem the primary reason: Other problem (specify):			
Date of Examination:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)			
Method of Administration:			
Language of test administration: English Other (specify):			
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 95-97)			
Score is 'Not Assessed' if any of the MoCA items that contribute to the score are missing (i.e., items 1–6, 8–14, and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 16 are not part of the MoCA score calculation; therefore, these items can have missing values (95, 96, 97, or 98). The MoCA Score will still be computed in the EDC as long as items 1–6, 8-14, and 17-22 are all non-missing.			
Scores for items 1-5 correspond to the Visuospatial / executive section on the MoCA worksheet			
1. Visuospatial/ executive — Trails: [0-1, 95-98]			
2. Visuospatial/ executive — Cube: [0-1, 95-98]			
3. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock contour: [0-1, 95-98]			
4. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock numbers: [0-1, 95-98]			
5. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock hands: [0-1, 95-98]			
Score for item 6 corresponds to the Naming section on the MoCA worksheet			
6. Language — Naming: [0-3, 95-98]			
Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory section on the MoCA worksheet			
7. Memory — Registration (two trials): [0-10, 95-98]			
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention section on the MoCA worksheet			
8. Attention — Digits: [0-2, 95-98]			
9. Attention — Letter A: [0-1, 95-98]			
10. Attention — Serial 7s: [0-3, 95-98]			

Patient ID:	

MoCA (continued)		
Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Language section on the MoCA worksheet		
11. Language — Repetition:	[0-2, 95-98]	
12. Language — Fluency:	[0-1, 95-98]	
Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction section on the MoCA worksheet		
13. Abstraction:	[0-2, 95-98]	
Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Recall section on the MoCA worksheet		
14. Delayed recall — No cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
(if not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 17)		
15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]	
Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation section on the MoCA worksheet		
17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]	
18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]	
19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]	
20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]	
21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]	
22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]	

MarkVCID2 CRF Package: Follow-Up Visit		
Patient ID:		
Blind MoCA (MONTREAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT)		
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment		
Was any part of the Blind MoCA administered? No Yes		
If No, please provide Physical problem Cognitive/behavior problem the primary reason: Verbal refusal Other problem (specify):		
Date of Examination:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)		
Method of Administration:		
Language of test administration: English Other (specify):		
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one		
of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem		
97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 95-97)		
Score is 'Not Assessed' if any of the Blind MoCA items that contribute to the score are missing (i.e., items 8-14 and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 16 are not part of the Blind MoCA score calculation; therefore, these items can have missing values (95, 96, 97, or 98). The Blind MoCA Score will still be computed as long as items 8-14, and 17-22 are all non-missing.		
Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
7. Memory — Registration (two trials): [0-10, 95-98]		
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		

Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory sectio	on on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
7. Memory — Registration (two trials):	[0-10, 95-98]		
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
8. Attention — Digits:	[0-2, 95-98]		
9. Attention — Letter A:	[0-1, 95-98]		
10. Attention — Serial 7s:	[0-3, 95-98]		
Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Languag	e section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
11. Language — Repetition:	[0-2, 95-98]		
12. Language — Fluency:	[0-1, 95-98]		
Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
13. Abstraction:	[0-2, 95-98]		

Patient ID:	

Blind MoCA (continued)		
Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Recall section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
14. Delayed recall — No cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
(if not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 17)		
15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]	
Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]	
18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]	
19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]	
20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]	
21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]	
22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]	

Patient ID:			
NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING BATTERY			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment			
Was any part of the Neuropsychological Testing Battery administered?			
If No, please provide			
Date of Examination: / / (MM/DD/YYYY)			
Language of test administration: English			
Indicate the primary language used when administering the remainder of the tests.			
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one of the following codes: 94 = Test not administered as part of battery at this session (where applicable) 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 94-97)			
Scores for item 1 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Recall (Immediate) Worksheets			
 Craft Story 21 Recall (Immediate): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 2a: [95-98] 			
b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring: [0-44]			
c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scoring:[0-25]			
Method of Administration:			
Scores for item 2 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Recall (Delayed) Worksheets			
 Craft Story 21 Recall (Delayed): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 3a: [95-98] 			
b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring: [0-44]			
c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scoring: [0-25]			
d) Delay time (minutes):			
e) Cue ("boy") needed:			

Patient ID:	
Scores for items 3-4 correspond to the Number Span Test (Forward & Backy	vard) Worksheets
3. Number Span Test — Forward:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 4a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
c) Longest span forward:	[0, 3-9]
Method of Administration: 🔲 In-person 🔲 Video	Phone
4. Number Span Test — Backward:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 5a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
c) Longest span backward:	[0, 2-8]
Scores for item 5 correspond to the Category Fluency Worksheets	
5. Category Fluency – Animals:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 6a:	[95-98]
b) Total number of animals named in 60 seconds:	[0-77]
Method of Administration:	Phone
Scores for item 6 correspond to the Verbal Fluency Worksheets, administere	d as part of the MoCA
6. Verbal Fluency – Phonemic Tests (words beginning with F): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 7a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct F-words generated in 1 minute:	[0-40]
c) Number of F-words repeated in 1 minute:	[0-15]
d) Number of non-F-words and rule violation errors in 1 minute:	[0-15]
Scores for items 7-8 correspond to the Trail Making A & B Worksheets	
7. Trail Making Test A: a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 8a:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 150 seconds	, enter 150) [0-150]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]
8. Trail Making Test B: a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 9a:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 300 seconds	, enter 300): [0-300]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]

Patient ID:	
Scores for item 9 correspond to the Multilingual Naming Test (MINT) Works If no semantic cues were given, select N/A for Question 9e. If no phonemic cues were given, select N/A for Question 9g.	sheets
9. Multilingual Naming Test (MINT):	50 . 007
a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 10a	ı: [94-98]
b) Total score (9c + 9e):	[0-32]
c) Total correct without any cues (Uncued):	[0-32]
d) Semantic cues – Number given:	[0-32]
e) Semantic cues – Number correct with cue:	[0-32]
f) Phonemic cues - Number given:	[0-32]
g) Phonemic cues – Number correct with cue:	[0-32]
Method of Administration:	
Scores for item 10 correspond to your sites specific scoring instructions for t SEVLT, or other with list learning with immediate/delay/recognition	he CVLT, CVLT-SF, HVLT,
10. Word list learning with immediate/delay/recognition: a) Name of test: HVLT CVLT	CVLT-SF
	AVLT
Other (specify):	
	
b) Total number of words on list:	
c) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 11a	: [95-98]
d) Learning Trial 1:	
e) Learning Trial 2:	
f) Learning Trial 3:	
g) Learning Trial 4:	
h) Learning Trial 5:	
i) Delay duration (if multiple options choose longest):	
j) Delayed recall (if multiple delay options, choose longest):	
k) Recognition hits:	
l) Recognition false positives:	
Method of Administration:	Phone

Patient ID:	
Scores for item 11 correspond to the Verbal Naming Test Worksheet	
11. Verbal Naming:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 12	2a:[94-98]
b) Total correct without a cue:	[0-50]
c) Total correct with phonemic cue:	[0-50]
Scores for items 12-13 correspond to the Oral Trail Making Test Parts A $\&$	B Worksheets
12. Oral Trail Making Test A:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 13	3a: [94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete:	[0-100]
i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
ii. Total number correct:	[0-25]
Method of Administration:	Phone
13. Oral Trail Making Test B:a) If test not completed, enter reason code:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 300 seconds, enter 300)	[0-300]
i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
ii. Total number correct:	[0-25]

Patient ID:						
CO-PA	RTICIPANT/INFORMANT QUESTIONNAIRE					
Collected? No Yes						
If No, please provide reason: Uverbal refusal Informant unavailable (specify below) Other problem (specify below)						
Specify reason not collected:						
Date Collected: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)					
Language of test administration	n: English Spanish Other (specify):					
What is co-participant's relationship to the subject?	 □ Spouse, partner, or companion (include ex-spouse, ex-partner, fiancé(e), boyfriend, girlfriend) □ Child (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Sibling (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Other relative (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Friend, neighbor, or someone known through family, friends, work, or community (e.g., church) □ Paid caregiver, health care provider, or clinician 					
How long has the coparticipant known the subject?	 ☐ 1 year or less ☐ 2-5 years ☐ 6-9 years ☐ 10+ years 					
Does the co-participant live with the subject?	□ No □ Yes					
If no, approximate frequency of in-person visits?	☐ Daily ☐ At least three times per week ☐ Weekly ☐ At least three times per month ☐ Monthly ☐ Less than once a month					
If no, approximate frequency of telephone contact?	☐ Daily ☐ At least three times per week ☐ Weekly ☐ At least three times per month ☐ Monthly ☐ Less than once a month					

	,	,
Patient ID:		

CDR (CLINICAL DEMENTIA RATING)					
Please refer to the Mar administration of this		r's Instructions N	Manual for details in	structions on the	
Was the CDR adminis	tered? No	Y	Yes		
If No, please provide the primary reason:	Physical Verbal re	_	Cognitive/behavior j Other problem (spec	•	
Date of Evaluation:	//_	(MM/	DD/YYYY)		
Method of Administra	tion:	n-person 🔲 V	/ideo 🗌 Phone		
Was the CDR scored v	vith the input of	an informant?	□ No □] Yes	
Language of test admi	nistration: 🗌 E	nglish S	Spanish 🗌 Other	(specify):	
Section 1: Standard	CDR				
Please enter score			IMPAIRMENT	Т	Γ
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
1. Memory	No memory loss, or slight inconsistent forgetfulness	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness	Moderate memory loss, more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain
2. Orientation	Fully oriented	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships	Moderate difficulty with time relationships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place	Oriented to person only
3. Judgment and problem solving — · —	Solves everyday problems, handles business and financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually maintained	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually impaired	Unable to make judgments or solve problems
4. Community affairs	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups	Slight impairment in these activities	Unable to function independently at these activities, although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears well enough to be taken to functions outside the family home	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears too ill to be taken to functions outside the family home
Section 1: Standard	LDK (continued	IJ			

Patient ID:	 	

Dlagge outer seems	IMPAIRMENT				
Please enter score below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
5. Home and hobbies	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests slightly impaired	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned	Only simple chores preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained	No significant function in the home
6. Personal care 0	Fully capable of self-care (= 0).		Needs prompting	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence

- 7. ___ STANDARD CDR SUM OF BOXES (auto-calculated in EDC)
- 8. ___ STANDARD GLOBAL CDR

Section 2: Supplemental CDR

Please enter score	IMPAIRMENT				
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3
9. Behavior, comportment, and personality	Socially appropriate behavior	Questionable changes in comportment, empathy, appropriateness of actions	Mild but definite changes in behavior	Moderate behavioral changes, affecting interpersonal relationships and interactions in a significant manner	Severe behavioral changes, making interpersonal interactions all unidirectional
10. Language	No language difficulty, or occasional mild tip-of- the tongue	Consistent mild word-finding difficulties; simplification of word choice; circumlocution; decreased phrase length; and/or mild comprehension difficulties	Moderate word- finding difficulty in speech; cannot name objects in environment; reduced phrase length and/or agrammatical speech and/or reduced comprehension in conversation and reading	Moderate to severe impairments in either speech or comprehension; has difficulty communicating thoughts; writing may be slightly more effective	Severe comprehension deficits; no intelligible speech

	Mark v CiD2 CRi T ackage. Follow-op visit	
Patient ID:		
		
	GDS (GERIATRIC DEPRESSION SCALE)	

GDS (GERIATRIC DEPRESSION	SCALE)			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for dadministration of this assessment	letails instruct	tions on the		
Was the GDS administered?				
If No, please provide Physical problem Cognitive/behathe primary reason: Verbal refusal Other problem	_			
Date of Evaluation:/(MM/DD/YYYY)				
Language of test administration: English Spanish	Other (spec	ify):		
Scores for items 1-15 correspond to the Geriatric Depression Scale ((GDS) Worksh	eet		
	Yes	No	Did not answer	
1. Are you basically satisfied with your life?				
2. Have you dropped many of your activities and interests?				
3. Do you feel that your life is empty?				
4. Do you often get bored?				
5. Are you in good spirits most of the time?				
6. Are you afraid that something bad is going to happen to you?				
7. Do you feel happy most of the time?				
8. Do you often feel helpless?				
9. Do you prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doing new things?				
10. Do you feel you have more problems with memory than most people?				
11. Do you think it is wonderful to be alive?				
12. Do you feel pretty worthless the way you are now?				
13. Do you feel full of energy?				
14. Do you feel that your situation is hopeless?				
15. Do you think that most people are better off than you are?				

Mai	KVCIDZ CF	KF Package: Fol	iow-up visit		
Patient ID:					
	-	DAY COGNITION			
Please refer to the MarkVCID E administration of this assessme		tructions Manual fo	or details instruc	tions on the	
Was the ECog-12 Participant F		tered? No	Yes		
	hysical proble		/behavior probl	 em	
	erbal refusal		blem (specify):		
Date of Evaluation: /	/	(MM/DD/YYY	Y)		
Language of test administration	n: 🗌 English	☐ Spanish	Other (spec	rify):	
Are you worried or believe that with your attention, concentra	-		☐ No	Yes	
Compared to 10 years ago,	Better or	Questionable	Consistently	Consistently	Don't
have there been any changes in your ability to	no change	or occasionally worse	a little worse	much worse	Know or N/A
1. Remember where you have					
placed things (i.e glasses, keys)?					
2. Remember the current date				П	
or day of the week?					
3. Communicate thoughts in a conversation?					
4. Understand spoken				П	
directions or instructions? 5. Read a map and help with	_			_	_
directions when someone					
else is driving? 6. Find one's way around a					
house/building that you					
have visited many times? 7. Anticipate weather changes					
and planning accordingly?					
8. Think ahead?					
9. Keep your living and workspace organized?					
10. Balance your checkbook/ account without error?					
11. Do two things at once?					
12. Cook or work, and talk at					
the same time?					
Was the questionnaire discont	inued?	No Yes			

If yes, reason for discontinuation:

Task difficulty (i.e., could not understand)

☐ Impairment (i.e., visual, hearing, limb/motor problem)

Mai	rkVCID2 CF	RF Package: Fol	low-Up Visit		
Patient ID:		_			
		DAY COGNITION			
Please refer to the MarkVCID E administration of this assessme		tructions Manual fo	r details instruct	tions on the	
Was the ECog-12 Informant Fo		ered? No	Yes		
If No, please provide the	Verbal refusa	ıl Informa	nt unavailable (s	specify below)	
primary reason:	Other proble	m (specify below)			
Specify reason not administer	ed:				·····
Date of Evaluation: /	_/	(MM/DD/YYY	Y)		
Language of test administration	n: 🗌 English	Spanish	Other (spec	ify):	
How long have you known the		<10 years	<u> </u>	years	
Are you worried or believe that their attention, concentration,	•	aving problems wit	h No	Yes	
Compared to 10 years ago, have there been any changes in their ability to	Better or no change	Questionable or occasionally worse	Consistently a little worse	Consistently much worse	Don't Know or N/A
1. Remember where they have placed things (glasses, keys)?					
2. Remember the current date or day of the week?					
3. Communicate thoughts in a conversation?					
4. Understand spoken directions or instructions?					
5. Read a map and help with directions when someone else is driving?					
6. Find their way around a house/building that you have visited many times?					
7. Anticipate weather changes and planning accordingly?					
8. Think ahead?					
9. Keep their living and workspace organized?					
10. Balance their checkbook/ account without error?					
11. Do two things at once?					
12. Cook or work, and talk at					

Yes

Task difficulty (i.e., could not understand)

Impairment (i.e., visual, hearing, limb/motor problem)

No

Refusal

the same time?

Was the questionnaire discontinued?

If yes, reason for discontinuation:

MarkvClD2 CRF Package: Follow-Up visit
Patient ID:
NEUROPSYCHIATRIC INVENTORY QUESTIONNAIRE (NPI-Q) – INFORMANT ASSESSMENT
Plagge refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for detailed instructions on the

17	NEUROF STCHIATRIC INVENTORT QUESTIONNAIRE (NFT-Q) - INFORMANT ASSESSMENT							
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for detailed instructions on the administration of this assessment								
W	as the NPI-Q administered?	☐ No	Yes	;				
		rbal refusa her probler	_		unavailable	(specify below)		
Sp	ecify reason not administered: _							
Da	te of Evaluation: / /	,	_ (MM/DI	D/YYYY)				
La	nguage of test administration:	English	Spa	nish 🗌	Other (spec	ify):		
NF	PI co-participant:	Spouse	Chi	Child Other (specify):				
Qι	estion		Yes	No	Unknown	If Yes, Severity		
1.	Delusions — Does the patient have beliefs, such as thinking that other stealing from him/her or planning him/her in some way?	s are				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown		
2. Hallucinations — Does the patient have hallucinations such as false visions or voices? Does he or she seem to hear or see things that are not present?					☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown			
3.	Agitation/aggression — Is the patresistive to help from others at time hard to handle?					☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown		
4. Depression/dysphoria — Does the patient seem sad or say that he/she is depressed?					☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown			
5.	Anxiety — Does the patient become when separated from you? Does have any other signs of nervousne shortness of breath, sighing, being relax, or feeling excessively tense?	e/she ss such as unable to				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown		
6.	Elation/euphoria — Does the patito feel too good or act excessively					☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown		
7.	Apathy/ indifference — Does the passem less interested in his/her usu activities or in the activities and plothers?	ual				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown		

Patient ID:	

Question	Yes	No	Unknown	If Yes, Severity
8. Disinhibition — Does the patient seem to act impulsively, for example, talking to strangers as if he/she knows them, or saying things that may hurt people's feelings?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
9. Irritability/lability — Is the patient impatient and cranky? Does he/she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
10. Motor disturbance — Does the patient engage in repetitive activities such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
11. Nighttime behaviors — Does the patient awaken you during the night, rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
12. Appetite/eating — Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a change in the type of food he/she likes?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown

Patient ID:					
		LABORATOR	Y TESTS		
Were Lab	oratory Test results re	ecorded? N	o Yes		
Reason n	ot collected:				
If fasting All tests d	conditions are unknow	red. Cholesterol related		omocysteir	ne should be
PHYSIOL	OGIC MEASURES				
Not Done	Measure	Date of Collection	Fasting	Result	Unit
	1. HS-CRP	//	N/A		nmol/L g/L mg/L
	2. HbA1c*	//	N/A		☐ mmol/mol ☐ %
	3. Blood Sugar	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting		☐ mmol/L ☐ mg/dL ☐ mg/L
	4. Serum cholesterol*	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours☐ Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	5. HDL cholesterol*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	6. LDL cholesterol*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	7. Triglycerides*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		mg/dL mmol/L
	8. Homocysteine	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours☐ Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ umol/L ☐ mg/L
	9. Serum creatinine*	//	N/A		☐ mg/dL ☐ umol/L
	10. Serum cystatin C	//	N/A		☐ mg/L ☐ mg/dL
GENETIC					
	genetic tests been per	formed? No	Yes		
If yes:	. —	PO /PO		/50	
APOE	_	E2/E2	☐ E2/E4 ☐ E3,☐ Not Done	/E3	
Has a	GWAS been completed	l?	Yes		

Other deviation (specify):____

Patient ID:		
	Patient ID:	

SAMPLE COLLECTION: SERUM COLLECTION				
Status: Collected Not Collected				
Reason not collected:				
Date Serum Samples Collected:/(MM/DD/YYYY)				
Time since last meal: (hours)				
Time Collected:: (24 hour clock)				
Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no middle name)				
Number of 0.25 mL aliquots:				
Serum cryovials used: Wheaton CryoElite Simport Micrewtube WWR Screw-Cap Microcentrifuge (Not approved for use after 05/20/2024) Other (specify):				
Serum cryovial volume: 0.5 ml Other (specify):				
Temperature of Centrifugation: °C				
Did serum remain pink after centrifugation, indicating hemolysis?				
Storage temperature: °C				
Were there any deviations?				
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that apply): After collection, sample not allowed to sit in vertical position for 30-60 minutes (select all that apply): Sample not kept vertical Sample did not sit for 30-60 minutes after collection Sample sat <30 minutes Sample not spun at 2000g Spun slower than 2000g Spun slower than 2000g Spun faster than 2000g Sample not spun for 10 minutes Spun <10 minutes Spun >10 minutes Placed on dry ice or in -80° C freezer immediately after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer within 30 minutes of aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 30-60 minutes after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 60+ minutes after aliquoting Other deviation (specify):				

	<u>IMAGING</u>			
Was an MRI performed at this visit?	No Yes			
<u> </u>	rophobia reason:			
Date of Imaging: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)			
Were there any deviations from the imaging	protocol? No Yes			
If yes, please specify:				
FAZEKAS				
Was a Fazekas score assigned?	Yes			
Initials of Fazekas score assessor:				
Peri-Ventricular Fazekas Extent Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – Caps or pencil-thin lining ☐ Grade 2 – Smooth haloing ☐ Grade 3 – Irregular WMH extending into DWM ☐ Unknown/ N/A			
Deep Fazekas Extent Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – Punctate lesions ☐ Grade 2 – Beginning confluent lesions ☐ Grade 3 – Confluent lesions ☐ Unknown/ N/A			
Deep Fazekas Lesion Count Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – 1-4 lesions ☐ Grade 2 – 5-9 lesions ☐ Grade 3 – >9 lesions ☐ Unknown/ N/A			
Overall Fazekas Score : (Maximum s Fazekas Ext	score of Peri-Ventricular Fazekas Extent Grade and Deep ent Grade)			

Patient ID:
LACUNES AND MICROBLEEDS
Was the scan assessed for lacunes and microbleeds?
Initials of lacune and microbleed assessor:
Does the participant have ≥1 lacune? □ No □ Yes
If ≥1 lacune, please select all the regions where lacunes are present:
□ Deep: □ ≤2 □ >2 □ Lobar: □ ≤2 □ >2
Does the participant have ≥1 microbleed? □ No □ Yes
If ≥1 microbleed, please select all the regions where microbleeds are present:
\Box Lobar (supratentorial): \Box ≤4 \Box >4 \Box Deep (supratentorial): \Box ≤4 \Box >4
☐ Cerebellar (deep): ☐ ≤4 ☐ >4
□ Brainstem: □ ≤4 □ >4

	MarkVCID2 CRF Package: Follow-Up Visit					
Patient ID: _						
	<u>MEI</u>	DICATI	<u>ONS</u>			
Were the pat	ient's medications recorded?	☐ No	☐ Ye	S		
If not collecte	ed, reason not collected:					
Date of Collection: / (MM/DD/YYYY)						
Is the patient currently taking any medications? No Yes						
Currently Taking	Medication Name		Currently Taking	Medication Name		
	acetaminophen-Hydrocodone (Vicodin)			conjugate estrogens (Cenestin, Premarin)		
	Albuterol (Proventil, Ventolin, Volmax)			cyanocobalamin (Neuroforte-R, Vitamin B12)		

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	acetaminophen-Hydrocodone (Vicodin)
	Albuterol (Proventil, Ventolin, Volmax)
	alendronate (Fosamax)
	allopurinol (Aloprim, Lopurin, Zyloprim)
	alprazolam (Niravam, Xanax)
	amlodipine (Norvasc)
	atenolol (Senormin, Tenormin)
	atorvastatin (Lipitor)
	benazepril (Lotensin)
	bupropion (Budeprion, Wellbutrin, Zyban)
	calcium acetate (Calphron, PhosLo)
	carbidopa-levodopa (Atamet, Sinemet)
	carvedilol (Coreg, Carvedilol)
	celecoxib (Celebrex)
	cetirizine (Zyrtec)
	citalopram (Celexa)
	clonazepam (Klonopin)
	clopidogrel (Plavix)

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	conjugate estrogens (Cenestin, Premarin)
	cyanocobalamin (Neuroforte-R, Vitamin B12)
	digoxin (Digitek, Lanoxin)
	diltiazem (Cardizem, Tiazac)
	donepezil (Aricept)
	duloxetine (Cymbalta)
	enalapril (Vasotec)
	ergocalciferol (Calciferol, Disdol, Vitamin D)
	escitalopram (Lexapro)
	esomeprazole (Nexium)
	estradiol (Estrace, Estrogel, Fempatch)
	ezetimibe (Zetia)
	ferrous sulfate (FeroSul, Iron Supplement)
	fexofenadine (Allegra)
	finasteride (Propecia, Proscar)
	fluoxetine (Prozac)
	fluticasone (Flovent)
	fluticasone nasal (Flonase, Veramyst)

	,	,
Patient ID:		

Currently Taking	Medication Name	
	fluticasone-salmeterol (Advair)	
	furosemide (Lasix)	
	gabapentin (Neurontin)	
	galantamine (Razadyne, Reminyl)	
	glipizide (Glucotrol)	
	hydrochlorothiazide (Esidrix, Hydrodiuril)	
	hydrochlorothiazide- triamterene (Dyazide)	
	latanoprost opthalmic (Xalatan)	
	levothyroxine (Levothroid, Levoxyl, Synthroid)	
	lisinopril (Prinivil, Zestril)	
	lorazepam (Ativan)	
	losartan (Cozaar)	
	lovastatin (Altocor, Mevacor)	
	meloxicam (Meloxicam, Mobic)	
	memantine (Namenda)	
	metformin (Glucophage, Riomet)	
	metoprolol (Lopressor, Toprol- XL)	
	mirtazapine (Remeron)	
	montelukast (Singulair)	
	naproxen (Aleve, Anaprox, Naprosyn)	
	niacin (Niacor, Nico-400, Nicotinic Acid)	
	nifedipine (Adalat, Procardia)	
	nitroglycerin (Nitro-Bid, Nitro- Dur, Nitrostat)	

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (Omacor, Lovaza)
	omeprazole (Prilosec)
	oxybutynin (Ditropan, Urotrol)
	pantoprazole (Protonix)
	paroxetine (Paxil, Paxil CR, Pexeva)
	potassium chloride (K-Dur 10, K-Lor, Slow-K)
	pravastatin (Pravachol)
	quetiapine (Seroquel)
	ranitidine (Zantac)
	rivastigmine (Exelon)
	rosuvastatin (Crestor)
	sertraline (Zoloft)
	simvastatin (Zocor)
	tamsulosin (Flomax)
	terazosin (Hytrin)
	tramadol (Ryzolt, Ultram)
	trazodone (Desyrel)
	valsartan (Diovan)
	venlafaxine (Effexor)
	warfarin (Coumadin, Jantoven)
	zolpidem (Ambien)
	Other (specify):

Patient ID: __ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Criteria for Cognitive Diagnoses		
Normal cognition:	Participant has normal cognition and does not have behavioral or language issues sufficient to diagnose MCI or dementia due to FTD or DLB. Normal cognition is defined as: 1.) No diagnosis of SCD, MCI, or dementia; AND 2.) CDR: Sum of Boxes = 0 AND neuropsychological testing within normal range.	
SCD, confirmed diagnosis:	 Select if the participant has: 1.) Cognitive concerns based on a Short ECog-12 score ≥ 3 on any single item-level response (based on administration to participant), AND 2.) Normal cognitive testing (neuropsychological testing within normal range) 	
MCI:	Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the clinical and cognitive criteria for MCI: • Is there a cognitive concern?, i.e., is the subject, the co-participant, or a clinician concerned about a change in cognition compared to the subject's previous level? • Is there impairment in one or more cognitive domains (memory, language, executive function, attention, and visuospatial skills) that is greater than would be expected for the patient's age and educational background? • Is there largely preserved independence in functional abilities (no change from prior level of functioning or requires only extra effort minimal aids or assistance)? • Is there no evidence of dementia (cognitive changes are mild and there is no evidence of a significant impairment in social or occupational functioning)?	
Dementia:	Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the criteria for all-cause dementia. These criteria are modified from the McKhann all-cause dementia criteria (2011) to allow a single domain to be affected. The subject has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria: • Interfere with ability to function as before at work or at usual activities? • Represent a decline from previous levels of functioning? • Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder? • Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of 1) history-taking and 2) objective cognitive assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing)? AND Impairment in one* or more of the following domains. - Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information - Impaired reasoning and handling of complex tasks, poor judgment - Impaired visuospatial abilities - Impaired language functions - Changes in personality, behavior, or comportment * In the event of single-domain impairment (e.g., language in PPA, behavior in bvFTD, posterior cortical atrophy), the subject must not fulfill criteria for MCI.	
	Select if the participant: 1.) Meets the criteria for dementia, AND 2.) CDR: Global Score = 0.5 or 1	