



MarkVCID2 Case Report Form Package: Follow-Up Visit

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By the MarkVCID Clinical Data, Physiological Data & Cognitive Assessments Subcommittee (Deborah Blacker, MD, ScD, Chair) and Coordinating Center (PI Steven Greenberg, MD, PhD).

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Patient ID:
DEMOGRAPHICS AND RELATED ELEMENTS: FOLLOW-UP
Collected? No Yes
Reason not collected:
Date of Collection:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Sex: Male Female
Subject's current marital status: **Living as married may be applied to either heterosexual or same-sex relationships. Select *Unknown* only if the subject or co-participant is unable or unwilling to identify the subject's marital status. Married Never married (or marriage was annulled) Widowed Living as married/domestic partner
☐ Divorced ☐ Separated ☐ Unknown What is the subject's living situation?
Lives alone
Lives with one other person: a spouse or partner
Lives with one other person: a relative, friend, or roommate
Lives with caregiver who is not spouse/partner, relative, or friend
\square Lives with a group (related or not related) in a private residence
Lives in group home (e.g., assisted living, nursing home, convent)
Unknown
What is the subject's level of independence? Select the box for the category that most accurately describes the level of activity the subject is able to do. If the subject or co-participant indicates that the subject is able to perform complex activities but is not doing the activities because of her/his living situation, the subject is still considered to be able to live independently. Able to live independently
Requires some assistance with complex activities
Requires some assistance with basic activities
Completely dependent
Unknown
ZIP Code (first three digits) of subject's primary residence: Unknown

Patient ID:				
<u>MED</u>	ICAL AND NEUROL	OGICAL: FOLLO	<u>W-UP</u>	
Collected? No Yes				
Reason not collected:				
Date of Collection: /	_/(MM/	'DD/YYYY)		
Date of Last Study Visit: /	/	(MM/DD/YYYY)		
CIGARETTE SMOKING				
Has the subject smoked since t l	heir last study visit?	□ No [Yes	Unknown
	If No or	Unknown , skip to	Cardiovascula	r Disease section
Average number of packs smoked per day since the last study visit:	1 cigarette to less than 1 pack to less than 1 2 packs or more	_	☐ ½ pack to les ☐ 1½ packs to l ☐ Unknown	s than 1 pack ess than 2 packs
If the subject has quit smoking since the last study visit , specify that age at which he/she last smoked (i.e., quit):				
-	e exact age is unknow l smokes, select N/A . I	_		-
NEW CARDIOVASCULAR DISE	ASE DIAGNOSED SIN	ICE MOST RECENT	T STUDY VISIT	
Since the most recent study v diagnosed with any new cardio	_	een 🔲 N	No Yes	S
If yes:		No	Yes	Not Assessed
Heart attack/cardiac arrest				
If yes, more than one heart	attack?			
Age at most recent heart at	tack:	Unknow	'n	
If the exact age is unknown, estimate, select Unknown ch	-	r co-participant to	estimate. If he/s	he cannot
Atrial fibrillation				
Angioplasty/ endarterectomy/	stent			
Cardiac bypass procedure				
Pacemaker and/or defibrillator				
Congestive heart failure				
Angina				

Patient ID:							
NEW CARDIOVA	NEW CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE DIAGNOSED SINCE MOST RECENT STUDY VISIT (cont.)						
				Not Assessed			
Heart valve repla	acement or rep	air					
Type of repla (select all the	acement/repai at apply):	r	☐ Mitral ☐ ☐ Other (specify		nknown		
Type of repla (select all the			☐ Bioprosthetic	☐ Bioprosthetic ☐ Mechanical ☐ N/A			
, ,	•	s, ask whether the sub e last study visit othe	,	•	ew		
For other cardiova	scular disease, e	nter 'N/A' if absent	No	Yes	Not Assessed		
Other cardiovaso	cular disease (s	pecify):					
Other cardiovascular disease (specify):							
Other cardiovaso	cular disease (s	pecify):					
NEW CEREBRO	VASCULAR EV	ENTS DIAGNOSED SI	NCE MOST RECE	NT STUDY VISIT	•		
		isit , has the patient b ite Vascular Event?	een diagnosed	□ No □	Yes		
If yes, complete	the following	:					
Event	Age at Event	Type of Symptomatic Vascular Event	Stroke/Acute	Temporally associ persistent worser			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 1	— — Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischemic mechanism ☐ Hemorrhagic		☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 2	— — □Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischemic mechanism ☐ Hemorrhagic		☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 3	— — □Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischemic mechanism ☐ Hemorrhagic ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown		Yes			
Stroke/Acute Vascular Event 4	—— ∐Unknown	☐ Ischemic ☐ Stroke type unknown ☐ TIA with clear ischemic mechanism ☐ Hemorrhagic ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown					

Patient ID:				
NEW NEUROLOGIC CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED SINC		STUDY VISIT		
Since the most recent study visit , has the patient been dinew neurologic conditions?	iagnosed with any	☐ No	Yes	
Condition	No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Essential tremor				
Pseudobulbar affect (i.e., crying or laughing that appears involuntary and out-of-proportion to the situation)				
Seizures				
Traumatic brain injury (TBI)				
Include any reported TBI, including mild TBI and TBI withou	ut loss of consciousne	SS		
If TBI "yes":				
TBI with brief loss of consciousness (< 5 minutes)	☐ No ☐ Repeated	d/multiple	☐ Single ☐ Unknown	
TBI with extended loss of consciousness (≥ 5 minutes)	No ☐ Single ☐ Unknow			
TBI without loss of consciousness (as might result from military detonations or sports injuries)?	m No Single Repeated/multiple Unknown			
If the subject has experienced multiple TBIs with loss of consciousness, but the time unconscious is unknown for all instances, select Unknown for Questions 2a and 2b. If for any of questions 2a, 2b, or 2c, the subject knows there has definitely been at least a single instance, but is unsure whether there has been more than one, select Single , and revise the entry on this form to Repeated/multiple at a future date if more specific information is available at a future date.				
Age at most recent TBI: Unknown				
If exact age is unknown, ask the subject and/or co-partici Unknown checkbox.	pant to estimate. If h	e/she cannot esti	imate, select	
NEW MEDICAL CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED SINCE MO	OST RECENT STUI	DY VISIT		
Since the most recent study visit , has the patient been dinnew medical conditions?	iagnosed with any	□ No	Yes	
Condition	No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Diabetes Mellitus				
☐ Type 1 ☐ Type 2 If recent/active or remote/inactive, which type? ☐ Other type (latent autoimmune diabetes/ type 1.5, gestational diabetes) ☐ Unknown				
Diagnosis of hypertension				
Is hypertension treated?	1			

Patient ID:					
NEW MEDICAL CONDITIONS DIAGNOSED	SINCE MO	OST RECENT STUI	OY VISIT (cont	inued)	
Condition		No	Yes	Not Assessed	
Hypercholesterolemia					
B12 deficiency					
Thyroid disease					
Arthritis					
Type of arthritis: Rheumato Other (sp		☐ Osteoarthritis ☐ Unknown			
If subject ha	ıs both rhei	ımatoid arthritis and	osteoarthritis, se	elect Rheumatoid .	
Region(s) affected (check all that apply):]	Upper extremity Spine	Lower extr	emity	
Incontinence – urinary					
Incontinence – bowel					
Sleep apnea					
REM sleep behavior disorder (RBD)					
Hyposomnia/insomnia					

Patient ID:			
<u>FAMILY HISTORY: FOLLOW-UP</u>			
Collected? No Yes			
Reason not collected:			
Since the most recent study visit , is any new information available concerning the patient's family history?	□No		Yes
Date of Collection: / / (MM/DD/YYYY)			
FAMILY HISTORY	No	Yes	Unknown
STROKE/TIA: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of symptomatic stroke or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, full siblings, or biological children who stroke and/or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism	have a hist	ory of sym	ptomatic
If yes:			T
1a. Any cases with onset before age 55?			
1b. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?			
Select Yes if history of stroke and/or TIA with clear ischemic mechanism appe one side of the family (e.g., mother's family or father's family)	ars in ever	y known g	eneration of
2. ACQUIRED COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT: Is there a family history in a first degree relative of cognitive impairment or dementia or Alzheimer's disease?			
Select Yes if there are biological parents, full siblings, or biological children who a Alzheimer's disease, or have history of cognitive impairment	are affecte	d by demei	ntia,
If yes:			T
2a. Any report of a case in the family with autopsy confirmation of Alzheimer's disease?			
2b. Any report of cases with autopsy confirmation of another cause of dementia?			
2c. Any cases with onset before age 65?			
2d. Is there a pattern suggestive of an autosomal dominant family history?			
Select Yes if history of acquired cognitive impairment appears in every known family (e.g., mother's family or father's family)			de of the
3. If yes to EITHER autosomal dominant questions above (1b, 2d), complete t	he followi	ng:	
3a. Is there a known mutation? No Yes			
3b. If yes, please indicate which one: PSEN1 APP PSEN2 Other, specify gene if known:	☐ CA	DASIL	
Specify mutation if known:			
Although blood relatives might have evidence for more than one genetic muta mutation only. Evidence may be provided via family report, test, or other repothe gene. Then, indicate the mutation, if known. If the gene is not listed, select	rt or docur	nentation.	First, specify
3c. Does this individual carry the mutation? No Yes		ıknown	9

Pat	ient id:			
	GENERAL PHYSI	CAL MEASURES		
We	ere General Physical Measures performed? 🗌 No	Yes	3	
		Cognitive/behavi Other problem (s	-	
Da	te of Collection: / / (MM/	/DD/YYYY)		
VI	TAL SIGNS			
	If any vitals cannot be obtained, skip and select 'Not Do	one' in the EDC.		
1.	Blood Pressure Measurement 1:/ Blood Pressure Measurement 2:/ Blood Pressure Measurement 3:/	mmHg mmHg	Not Done Not Done Not Done	
	Measure seated at rest. Take 3 consecutive BP rea pressure cannot be obtained, skip and select 'Not I	0	ll be calculated in	EDC. If blood
2.	Pulse: beats/minute	☐ Not Done		
3.	Height: cm in	☐ Not Done		
4.	Weight: kglb	☐ Not Done		
AD	DITIONAL PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS	No	Yes	Unknown
1.	With or without corrective lenses, is the subject's vision functionally normal?			
	Select No if any functional impairment exists (red or watching television).	uced ability to do	everyday activitie:	s such as reading
2.	With or without a hearing aid(s), is the subject's hearing functionally normal?			
	Select No if any functional impairment exists (red listening to the radio or television, talking with fa	-	everyday activitie:	s such as
SH	ORT PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE BATTERY			
	ease refer to the MarkVCID Short Physical Perfore etructions on the administration of this assessm	_	raining Manual	for detailed
		= Cognitive/beha		
1.	Balance Test Score: (Side-by-side, semi-tandem, to	andem	[0-4, 95-98]	
2.	Gait Speed Test Score:		[0-4, 95-98]	
3.	Chair Stand Test Score:		[0-4, 95-98] [0-4, 95-98]	
				·

Patient ID:
NEUROLOGICAL EXAM
INSTRUCTIONS: This form must be completed by a clinician with experience in assessing the neurological signs listed below and in attributing the observed findings to a particular syndrome. Please use your best clinical judgment in assigning the syndrome.
Use the information obtained at the neurological exam to indicate the neurological findings, using your best clinical judgment to ascribe those symptoms to a particular clinical syndrome.
Please complete the appropriate sections below, using your best clinical judgment in selecting findings that indicate the likely syndrome(s) that is/are present.
Was the Neurological Exam performed?
If No, please provide
Date of Collection:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)
PARKINSONIAN FEATURES
Were Parkinsonian signs present? No Yes
If any of the parkinsonian signs listed below are present, select Yes . Otherwise, select No and skip to Cerebrovascular Features section
Resting tremor – arm: a definite rest tremor, even if only intermittent, is sufficient to select Yes Slowing of fine motor movements: refers to movements such as finger tapping, hand pronation- supination, or foot- or toe-tapping. Significant slowing, even if slight or mild, is sufficient to select Yes. Rigidity – arm: rigidity should be judged on passive movement of major joints with patient relaxed in sitting position; cogwheeling and paratonia (gegenhalten) to be ignored. Any degree of rigidity is sufficient to select Yes. Bradykinesia: includes combining slowness, hesitancy, decreased arm swing, small amplitude, and poverty of movement in general. Any degree of overall bradykinesia is sufficient to select Yes. Parkinsonian gait disorder: features include slowing of gait, shuffling, festination, unilateral or bilateral decreased arm swing and/or tremor, slowness and difficulty on turning, and/or freezing during walking. Any degree of parkinsonian gait is sufficient to select Yes.
Postural instability: involves inadequate response to sudden, strong posterior displacement produced by pull on shoulders while patient is erect with eyes open and feet slightly apart; patient is prepared. Taking more than two steps or requiring the examiner to catch the subject are examples of postural instability. Any degree of postural instability is sufficient to select Yes.

Patient ID:				
Parkinsonian Signs: LEFT	No		Yes	Not Assessed
1. Resting tremor – arm				
2. Slowing of fine motor movements				
3. Rigidity – arm				
Parkinsonian Signs: RIGHT	No	,	Yes	Not Assessed
4. Resting tremor – arm				
5. Slowing of fine motor movements				
6. Rigidity – arm				
Parkinsonian Signs:	No	,	Yes	Not Assessed
7. Bradykinesia				
8. Parkinsonian gait disorder				
9. Postural instability				
CEREBROVASCULAR FEATURES	<u>'</u>		1	
Were neurological signs considered by examiner to be		No	☐ Ye	es
likely consistent with cerebrovascular disease presen If any of the signs consistent with CVD below are presen		therwise	e, select No	and skip to
Other Findings section.	+)			
Cortical cognitive deficit (e.g., aphasia, apraxia, neglect Lateralized motor weakness: indicate as present if it is su	ispected that the	re is acq	uired proxii	mal or distal
extremity weakness attributable to cerebrovascular ischemic Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically		lon roflo	voc Rahine	ki signs others).
Indicate as present if it is suspected that there are brisk refle	-			
ischemia.	ria or avadranta	nonsia s	n continal h	lindness evaludins
Cortical visual field loss: involves homonymous hemianops visual field loss due to optic nerve disease or injury.	sia or quaaranta	nopsia, o	r cortical b	imaness, excluding
Somatosensory loss: involves sensory loss due to involvem loss due to spinal-cord injury or peripheral neuropathy.	ent of the cerebr	rum or br	ain stem, ez	xcluding sensory
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease		No	Yes	Not Assessed
Cortical cognitive deficit (e.g., aphasia, apraxia, neg			П	
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease: SIDE OF BODY	IFFT	No	Yes	Not Assessed
2. Lateralized motor weakness				
 Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include patholog brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others) 	ically			
4. Cortical visual field loss				
5. Somatosensory loss				

Patient ID:			
Findings consistent with stroke / cerebrovascular disease: RIGHT SIDE OF BODY	No	Yes	Not Assessed
6. Lateralized motor weakness			
7. Lateralized abnormal reflexes (to include pathologically brisk deep tendon reflexes, Babinski signs, others)			
8. Cortical visual field loss			
9. Somatosensory loss			
OTHER FINDINGS	No	Yes	Not Assessed
Patient demonstrates spontaneous, disproportionate or involuntary crying or laughing on examination			
2. Is magnetic gait apraxia present?			
Indicate whether gait apraxia characteristic of normal-pressure hischemia is present by selecting Yes . This determination should be does not require an MRI.			
3. Higher cortical visual problem suggesting posterior cortical atrophy (e.g., prosopagnosia, simultagnosia, Balint's syndrome) or apraxia of gaze			
 Findings suggestive of progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), corticobasal syndrome (CBS), or other related disorders 			
 Findings suggesting ALS (e.g., muscle wasting, fasciculations, upper motor neuron and/or lower motor neuron signs) 			

Patient ID:					
COGNITIV	E DIAG	NOSIS			
Evaluated? No Yes					
Reason not evaluated:					
Date of Evaluation: / / (M	M/DD/	YYYY)			
SYNDROMIC DIAGNOSIS (see page 41 for diagnostic criteria) Normal Cognition Mild cognitive imp			Subjective cogr	nitive decline (SCD)	
Age of Onset of SCD, MCI, or dementia: year	'S		Unknown		
If any of the diseases listed below are present, select P onot contributing to the cognitive impairment. If any diselect Present and select the Non-contributing box.				_	
RELATED DIAGNOSES	Pre: No	sent Yes	Contributing	Non-contributing	
Alzheimer's disease					
Vascular brain injury (based on clinical or imaging evidence)					
If present, indicate type of vascular brain injury (seld ☐ Small vessel stroke(s) ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that does not interfere wi ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that interferes with test p aphasia)* ☐ Non-small vessel stroke that interferes with MRI b	th test p performa	erformar nce (e.g.,	nce or MRI post-stroke cognitiv	-	
Traumatic brain injury (TBI)					
If present, indicate severity (select all that apply): TBI that does not interfere with test performance or MRI TBI that interferes with test performance (e.g., post-TBI cognitive impairment or aphasia)* TBI that interferes with MRI biomarker analysis (e.g., large volume traumatic lesion)*					
Depression or anxiety					
If present: Mild/well-controlled Seven	re/incom	pletely c	ontrolled*		
Alcohol abuse					
If present: Current alcohol abuse] Yes*	Unknown		
Hydrocephalus					
CNS neoplasm					
If present: ☐ Benign ☐ Malignant*					
Delirium					
Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)					

^{*}Diagnosis at this severity excluded at baseline; may appear at follow-up visit

Patient ID:			
RELATED DIAGNOSES (Diagnoses excluded at baseline; may appear at follow-up visit)	Present	Contributing	Non-contributing
Multiple system atrophy			
Frontotemporal lobar degeneration			
Huntington's disease			
Prion disease (CJD, other)			
HIV-Associated Neurocognitive Disorder			
Bipolar disorder			
Schizophrenia or other psychosis			
Lewy body disease			
Parkinson's disease			
OTHER DIAGNOSES	Present	Contributing	Non-contributing
Other psychiatric disease (specify):			
Other neurologic, genetic, or infectious conditions not listed above (specify):			
Other substance abuse			
Systemic disease/medical illness			
Cognitive impairment due to medications			
Cognitive impairment NOS:			

Patient ID:	

MoCA (MONTREAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT)			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment			
Was any part of the MoCA administered? No Yes			
If No, please provide			
Date of Examination:/(MM/DD/YYYY)			
Method of Administration:			
Language of test administration: English Other (specify):			
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 95-97)			
Score is 'Not Assessed' if any of the MoCA items that contribute to the score are missing (i.e., items 1–6, 8–14, and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 16 are not part of the MoCA score calculation; therefore, these items can have missing values (95, 96, 97, or 98). The MoCA Score will still be computed in the EDC as long as items 1–6, 8-14, and 17-22 are all non-missing.			
Scores for items 1-5 correspond to the Visuospatial / executive section on the MoCA worksheet			
1. Visuospatial/ executive — Trails: [0-1, 95-98]			
2. Visuospatial/ executive — Cube: [0-1, 95-98]			
3. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock contour: [0-1, 95-98]			
4. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock numbers: [0-1, 95-98]			
5. Visuospatial/ executive — Clock hands: [0-1, 95-98]			
Score for item 6 corresponds to the Naming section on the MoCA worksheet			
6. Language — Naming:[0-3, 95-98]			
Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory section on the MoCA worksheet			
7. Memory — Registration (two trials): [0-10, 95-98]			
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention section on the MoCA worksheet			
8. Attention — Digits: [0-2, 95-98]			
9. Attention — Letter A: [0-1, 95-98]			
10. Attention — Serial 7s: [0-3, 95-98]			

Patient ID:	

MoCA (continued)			
Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Language section on the MoCA worksheet			
11. Language — Repetition:	[0-2, 95-98]		
12. Language — Fluency:	[0-1, 95-98]		
Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction sect	ion on the MoCA worksheet		
13. Abstraction:	[0-2, 95-98]		
Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Recall section on the MoCA worksheet			
14. Delayed recall — No cue:	[0-5, 95-98]		
(if not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 17)			
15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]		
16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]		
Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation section on the MoCA worksheet			
17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]		
18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]		
19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]		
20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]		
21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]		
22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]		

Patient ID:	

Blind MoCA (MONTREAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT)			
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment			
Was any part of the Blind MoCA administered? No Yes			
If No, please provide Physical problem Cognitive/behavior problem the primary reason: Verbal refusal Other problem (specify):			
Date of Examination: / (MM/DD/YYYY)			
Method of Administration:			
Language of test administration: English Spanish Other (specify):			
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 95-97) Score is 'Not Assessed' if any of the Blind MoCA items that contribute to the score are missing (i.e., items 8-			
14 and 17-22). Items 7, 15, and 16 are not part of the Blind MoCA score calculation; therefore, these items can have missing values (95, 96, 97, or 98). The Blind MoCA Score will still be computed as long as items 8-14, and 17-22 are all non-missing.			
Score for item 7 corresponds to the Memory section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
7. Memory — Registration (two trials): [0-10, 95-98]			
Scores for items 8-10 correspond to the Attention section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
8. Attention — Digits: [0-2, 95-98]			
9. Attention — Letter A: [0-1, 95-98]			
10. Attention — Serial 7s: [0-3, 95-98]			
Scores for items 11-12 correspond to the Language section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
11. Language — Repetition: [0-2, 95-98]			
12. Language — Fluency: [0-1, 95-98]			
Score for item 13 corresponds to the Abstraction section on the Blind MoCA worksheet			
13. Abstraction: [0-2, 95-98]			

Patient ID:	

Blind MoCA (continued)		
Scores for items 14-16 correspond to the Delayed Recall section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
14. Delayed recall — No cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
(if not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 17)		
15. Delayed recall — Category cue:	[0-5, 95-98]	
16. Delayed recall — Recognition:	[0-5, 95-98]	
Scores for items 17-22 correspond to the Orientation section on the Blind MoCA worksheet		
17. Orientation — Date:	[0-1, 95-98]	
18. Orientation — Month:	[0-1, 95-98]	
19. Orientation — Year:	[0-1, 95-98]	
20. Orientation — Day:	[0-1, 95-98]	
21. Orientation — Place:	[0-1, 95-98]	
22. Orientation — City:	[0-1, 95-98]	

Patient ID:			
NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TES	STING BATTI	<u>ERY</u>	
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manuadministration of this assessment	al for details ins	structions on the	
Was any part of the Neuropsychological Testing Battery ad	ministered?	☐ No ☐ Yes	
	ive/behavior p problem (spec		
Date of Examination:/ (MM/DD	/YYYY)		
Language of test administration: English Other (specify):	Spanish		
Indicate the primary language used when administering the	remainder of t	he tests.	
KEY: If the subject cannot complete any of the following exams, please give the reason by entering one of the following codes: 94 = Test not administered as part of battery at this session (where applicable) 95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal (not for any of the reasons 94-97)			
Scores for item 1 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Recall (Im			
 Craft Story 21 Recall (Immediate): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring: 	to question 2a:	[95-98] [0-44]	
c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scoring:		[0-25]	
Method of Administration:	☐ Video	Phone	
Scores for item 2 correspond to the Craft Store 21 Recall (De	layed) Workshe	eets	
2. Craft Story 21 Recall (Delayed):a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip	to question 3a:		
b) Total story units recalled, verbatim scoring:		[0-44]	
c) Total story units recalled, paraphrase scoring:		[0-25]	
d) Delay time (minutes):	∐ Unknown		
e) Cue ("boy") needed:	☐ No	Yes	

1 attent 1D	
Scores for items 3-4 correspond to the Number Span Test (Forward & Backv	vard) Worksheets
3. Number Span Test — Forward:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 4a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
c) Longest span forward:	[0, 3-9]
Method of Administration:	Phone
4. Number Span Test — Backward:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 5a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct trials:	[0-14]
c) Longest span backward:	[0, 2-8]
Scores for item 5 correspond to the Category Fluency Worksheets	
5. Category Fluency – Animals:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 6a:	[95-98]
b) Total number of animals named in 60 seconds:	[0-77]
Method of Administration:	Phone
Scores for item 6 correspond to the Verbal Fluency Worksheets, administere	d as part of the MoCA
6. Verbal Fluency – Phonemic Tests (words beginning with F): a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 7a:	[95-98]
b) Number of correct F-words generated in 1 minute:	[0-40]
c) Number of F-words repeated in 1 minute:	[0-15]
d) Number of non-F-words and rule violation errors in 1 minute:	[0-15]
Scores for items 7-8 correspond to the Trail Making A & B Worksheets	
7. Trail Making Test A:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 8a:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 150 seconds	, enter 150) [0-150]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]
8. Trail Making Test B:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 9a:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 300 seconds	, enter 300): [0-300]
i. Number of commission errors:	[0-40]
ii. Number of correct lines:	[0-24]

Patient ID:	
Scores for item 9 correspond to the Multilingual Naming Test (MINT) Works If no semantic cues were given, select N/A for Question 9e. If no phonemic cues were given, select N/A for Question 9g.	sheets
Multilingual Naming Test (MINT):a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 10a	: [94-98]
b) Total score (9c + 9e):	[0-32]
c) Total correct without any cues (Uncued):	[0-32]
d) Semantic cues – Number given:	[0-32]
e) Semantic cues – Number correct with cue:	[0-32]
f) Phonemic cues – Number given:	[0-32]
g) Phonemic cues – Number correct with cue:	[0-32]
Method of Administration:	
Scores for item 10 correspond to your site's specific scoring instructions for a AVLT/RAVLT, CERAD, or SEVLT., or other with list learning with immediate, For MarkVCID participants co-enrolled in an ADRC, sites are encouraged to or CERAD list-learning task with co-enrolled participants as required by the Set 4.0 updates. For participants not co-enrolled in an ADRC, sites are welco current list-learning task.	/delay/recognition. conduct either AVLT/RAVLT NACC's 2025 Uniform Data
10. Word list learning with immediate/delay/recognition:	
	CVLT-SF
SEVLT [Spanish] SEVLT [English]	AVLT/RAVLT LCERAD
Other (specify):	
b) Total number of words on list:	
c) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 11a	: [95-98]
d) Learning Trial 1:	
e) Learning Trial 2:	
f) Learning Trial 3:	
g) Learning Trial 4:	
h) Learning Trial 5:	
i) Delay duration (if multiple options choose longest):	
j) Delayed recall (if multiple delay options, choose longest):	
k) Recognition hits:	
l) Recognition false positives:	
Method of Administration:	Phone

Patient ID:	
Scores for item 11 correspond to the Verbal Naming Test Worksheet	
11. Verbal Naming:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 12	2a: [94-98]
b) Total correct without a cue:	[0-50]
c) Total correct with phonemic cue:	[0-50]
Scores for items 12-13 correspond to the Oral Trail Making Test Parts A $\&$	B Worksheets
12. Oral Trail Making Test A:a) If test not completed, enter reason code and skip to question 13	3a: [94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete:	[0-100]
i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
ii. Total number correct:	[0-25]
Method of Administration:	Phone
13. Oral Trail Making Test B:a) If test not completed, enter reason code:	[94-98]
b) Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 300 seconds, enter 300)	[0-300]
i. Number of errors:	[0-25]
ii. Total number correct:	[0-25]

Patient ID:	
<u>CO-PAI</u>	RTICIPANT/INFORMANT QUESTIONNAIRE
Collected? No Yes	
If No, please provide reason:	☐ Verbal refusal ☐ Informant unavailable (specify below) ☐ Other problem (specify below)
Specify reason not collected:	
Date Collected: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)
Language of test administration	n: English Spanish Other (specify):
What is co-participant's relationship to the subject?	 □ Spouse, partner, or companion (include ex-spouse, ex-partner, fiancé(e), boyfriend, girlfriend) □ Child (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Sibling (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Other relative (by blood or through marriage or adoption) □ Friend, neighbor, or someone known through family, friends, work, or community (e.g., church) □ Paid caregiver, health care provider, or clinician
How long has the coparticipant known the subject?	 ☐ 1 year or less ☐ 2-5 years ☐ 6-9 years ☐ 10+ years
Does the co-participant live with the subject?	☐ No ☐ Yes
If no, approximate frequency of in-person visits?	☐ Daily ☐ At least three times per week ☐ Weekly ☐ At least three times per month ☐ Monthly ☐ Less than once a month
If no, approximate frequency of telephone contact?	☐ Daily ☐ At least three times per week ☐ Weekly ☐ At least three times per month ☐ Monthly ☐ Less than once a month

Patient ID:	

CDR (CLINICAL DEMENTIA RATING)					
Please refer to the Mar administration of this		r's Instructions N	Manual for details in	structions on the	
Was the CDR adminis	tered? No	Y	es es		
If No, please provide the primary reason:	Physical Verbal re	- =	Cognitive/behavior Jother problem (spec	•	
Date of Evaluation:	//_	(MM/	DD/YYYY)		
Method of Administra	tion:	n-person 🔲 V	7ideo 🗌 Phone	!	
Was the CDR scored w	vith the input of	an informant?	□ No □] Yes	
Language of test admi		nglish S	Spanish Other	(specify):	
Section 1: Standard	CDR				
Please enter score			IMPAIRMENT	Т	T
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe - 3
1. Memory	No memory loss, or slight inconsistent forgetfulness	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness	Moderate memory loss, more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain
2. Orientation	Fully oriented	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships	Moderate difficulty with time relationships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place	Oriented to person only
3. Judgment and problem solving — · —	Solves everyday problems, handles business and financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences		Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually maintained	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually impaired	Unable to make judgments or solve problems
4. Community affairs — · —	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups	Slight impairment in these activities	Unable to function independently at these activities, although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears well enough to be taken to functions outside the family home	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears too ill to be taken to functions outside the family home
Section 1: Standard	LDK (continued	IJ			

Patient ID:	 		

Dlagge enter grove	IMPAIRMENT					
Please enter score below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild - 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3	
5. Home and hobbies	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests slightly impaired	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned	Only simple chores preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained	No significant function in the home	
6. Personal care0	Fully capable of s	elf-care (= 0).	Needs prompting	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence	

- 7. ___ STANDARD CDR SUM OF BOXES (auto-calculated in EDC)
- 8. ___ STANDARD GLOBAL CDR

Section 2: Supplemental CDR

Please enter score	IMPAIRMENT					
below:	None – 0	Questionable – 0.5	Mild – 1	Moderate – 2	Severe – 3	
9. Behavior, comportment, and personality	Socially appropriate behavior	Questionable changes in comportment, empathy, appropriateness of actions	Mild but definite changes in behavior	Moderate behavioral changes, affecting interpersonal relationships and interactions in a significant manner	Severe behavioral changes, making interpersonal interactions all unidirectional	
10. Language	No language difficulty, or occasional mild tip-of- the tongue	Consistent mild word-finding difficulties; simplification of word choice; circumlocution; decreased phrase length; and/or mild comprehension difficulties	Moderate word- finding difficulty in speech; cannot name objects in environment; reduced phrase length and/or agrammatical speech and/or reduced comprehension in conversation and reading	Moderate to severe impairments in either speech or comprehension; has difficulty communicating thoughts; writing may be slightly more effective	Severe comprehension deficits; no intelligible speech	

Patient ID:	

GDS (GERIATRIC DEPRESSION SCALE)								
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for deadministration of this assessment	Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment							
Was the GDS administered?								
If No, please provide Physical problem Cognitive/behathe primary reason: Verbal refusal Other problem								
Date of Evaluation:/(MM/DD/YYYY)								
Language of test administration: English Spanish	Other (spec	ify):						
Scores for items 1-15 correspond to the Geriatric Depression Scale ((GDS) Worksh	eet						
	Yes	No	Did not answer					
1. Are you basically satisfied with your life?								
2. Have you dropped many of your activities and interests?								
3. Do you feel that your life is empty?								
4. Do you often get bored?								
5. Are you in good spirits most of the time?								
6. Are you afraid that something bad is going to happen to you?								
7. Do you feel happy most of the time?								
8. Do you often feel helpless?								
9. Do you prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doing new things?								
10. Do you feel you have more problems with memory than most people?								
11. Do you think it is wonderful to be alive?								
12. Do you feel pretty worthless the way you are now?								
13. Do you feel full of energy?								
14. Do you feel that your situation is hopeless?								
15. Do you think that most people are better off than you are?								

Mai	INVCIDE CI	a rackage. roi	iow op visit		
Patient ID:					
ECOG-	<u> 12 (EVERYE</u>	DAY COGNITION	<u>): PARTICIPAN</u>	<u>IT</u>	
Please refer to the MarkVCID E administration of this assessme		tructions Manual fo	or details instruc	tions on the	
Was the ECog-12 Participant F	orm administ	cered? No	Yes		
	hysical proble erbal refusal		/behavior probl blem (specify):		
Date of Evaluation: /	/	(MM/DD/YYY	Y)		
Language of test administration	n: English	Spanish	Other (spec	cify):	
Are you worried or believe that with your attention, concentra	-		□No	Yes	
Compared to 10 years ago, have there been any changes in your ability to	Better or no change	Questionable or occasionally worse	Consistently a little worse	Consistently much worse	Don't Know or N/A
1. Remember where you have placed things (i.e glasses, keys)?					
2. Remember the current date or day of the week?					
3. Communicate thoughts in a conversation?					
4. Understand spoken directions or instructions?					
5. Read a map and help with directions when someone else is driving?					
6. Find one's way around a house/building that you have visited many times?					
7. Anticipate weather changes and planning accordingly?					
8. Think ahead?					
9. Keep your living and workspace organized?					
10. Balance your checkbook/ account without error?					
11. Do two things at once?					
12. Cook or work, and talk at the same time?					
Was the questionnaire discont	inued?	No Yes			
Refusal Task difficulty (i.e., could not understand)					

☐ Impairment (i.e., visual, hearing, limb/motor problem)

If yes, reason for discontinuation:

	Mai kvCiD2 CKr Package: Follow-op visit	
Patient ID:		
	· 	
	ECOC 12 (EVEDVDAY COCNITION), INFORMANT	
	ECOG-12 (EVERYDAY COGNITION): INFORMANT	

<u>ECOG</u>	ECOG-12 (EVERYDAY COGNITION): INFORMANT					
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instructions Manual for details instructions on the administration of this assessment						
Was the ECog-12 Informant Fo		ered? No	Yes			
in its produce provides and	Verbal refusa Other proble	l Informa m (specify below)	nt unavailable (s	specify below)		
Specify reason not administered	ed:					
Date of Evaluation: /	/	(MM/DD/YYY	Y)			
Language of test administration	n: 🗌 English	Spanish	Other (spec	ify):		
How long have you known the	<u> </u>	<10 years		years		
Are you worried or believe that their attention, concentration,		wing problems wit	h 🗌 No	Yes		
Compared to 10 years ago, have there been any changes in their ability to	Better or no change	Questionable or occasionally worse	Consistently a little worse	Consistently much worse	Don't Know or N/A	
1. Remember where they have placed things (glasses, keys)?						
2. Remember the current date or day of the week?						
3. Communicate thoughts in a conversation?						
4. Understand spoken directions or instructions?						
5. Read a map and help with directions when someone else is driving?						
6. Find their way around a house/building that you have visited many times?						
7. Anticipate weather changes and planning accordingly?						
8. Think ahead?						
9. Keep their living and workspace organized?						
10. Balance their checkbook/ account without error?						
11. Do two things at once?						
12. Cook or work, and talk at the same time?						
Was the questionnaire discont	inued?	No Yes				
If yes, reason for discontinuati	on:	Refusal Tas Impairment (i.e., v		could not unders imb/motor prob	-	

MarkVCID2 CRI	^r Packag	e: Follov	v-Up Visit	
Patient ID:				
NEUROPSYCHIATRIC INVENTORY QUE				
Please refer to the MarkVCID Evaluator's Instradministration of this assessment	uctions Ma	nual for de	etailed instru	ctions on the
Was the NPI-Q administered?	Yes	5		
If No, please provide the primary reason: Uverbal refusation Other proble			unavailable	(specify below)
Specify reason not administered:				
Date of Evaluation: / /	(MM/D	D/YYYY)		
Language of test administration:		anish	Other (spec	rify):
NPI co-participant: Spouse	e Chi	ild	Other (spec	rify):
Question	Yes	No	Unknown	If Yes, Severity
Delusions — Does the patient have false beliefs, such as thinking that others are stealing from him/her or planning to harm him/her in some way?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
2. Hallucinations — Does the patient have hallucinations such as false visions or voices? Does he or she seem to hear or see things that are not present?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
3. Agitation/aggression — Is the patient resistive to help from others at times, or hard to handle?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
4. Depression/dysphoria — Does the patient seem sad or say that he/she is depressed?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
5. Anxiety — Does the patient become upset when separated from you? Does he/she have any other signs of nervousness such as shortness of breath, sighing, being unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
6. Elation/euphoria — Does the patient appear to feel too good or act excessively happy?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe

7. Apathy/ indifference — Does the patient seem less interested in his/her usual

others?

activities or in the activities and plans of

Unknown

Moderate

Unknown

Mild

Severe

Patient ID:	

Question	Yes	No	Unknown	If Yes, Severity
8. Disinhibition — Does the patient seem to act impulsively, for example, talking to strangers as if he/she knows them, or saying things that may hurt people's feelings?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
9. Irritability/lability — Is the patient impatient and cranky? Does he/she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
10. Motor disturbance — Does the patient engage in repetitive activities such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
11. Nighttime behaviors — Does the patient awaken you during the night, rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown
12. Appetite/eating — Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a change in the type of food he/she likes?				☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe ☐Unknown

Patient ID:						
FII	NCTIONAL A	ACCFCCM	FNT SCAL	F (FAS)		
Please refer to the MarkVCID Eva administration of this assessment	luator's Instri				ons on the	
Was the FAS Form administered			Yes			
in riso, processo province one	Verbal refusa Other probler			unavailable (specify below	r)
Specify reason not administered	:					
Date of Evaluation: /	_/	(MM/D	D/YYYY)			
Language of test administration:	English	Spa	anish 🗌	Other (specif	fy):	
In the past four weeks, did the participant have difficulty or need help with:	Not applicable (e.g., never did)	Normal	Has difficulty, but does by self	Requires assistance	Dependent	Unknown
1. Writing checks, paying bills, or balancing a checkbook						
2. Assembling tax records, business affairs, or other papers						
3. Shopping alone for clothes, household necessities, or groceries						
4. Playing a game of skill such as bridge or chess, working on a hobby						
5. Heating water, making a cup of coffee, turning off the stove						
6. Preparing a balanced meal						
7. Keeping track of current events						
8. Paying attention to and understanding a TV program, book, or magazine						
9. Remembering appointments, family occasions, holidays, medications						
10. Traveling out of the neighborhood, driving, or arranging to take public transportation						

Patient II	D:				
		LABORATOR'	Y TESTS		
Were Lab	ooratory Test results re				
Reason n	ot collected:				
If fasting All tests d	conditions are unknow	red. Cholesterol related		omocysteir	ne should be
PHYSIOL	OGIC MEASURES				
Not Done	Measure	Date of Collection	Fasting	Result	Unit
	1. HS-CRP	//	N/A		nmol/L g/L mg/L
	2. HbA1c*	//	N/A	<u> </u>	☐ mmol/mol ☐ %
	3. Blood Sugar	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting		☐ mmol/L ☐ mg/dL ☐ mg/L
	4. Serum cholesterol*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	5. HDL cholesterol*	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	6. LDL cholesterol*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		☐ mg/dL ☐ mmol/L
	7. Triglycerides*	//	Fasting >8 hours Not fasting		mg/dL mmol/L
	8. Homocysteine	//	☐ Fasting >8 hours ☐ Not fasting		
	9. Serum creatinine*	//	N/A		☐ mg/dL ☐ umol/L
	10. Serum cystatin C	//	N/A		☐ mg/L ☐ mg/dL
GENETIC	SS				
	genetic tests been per	formed? No	Yes		
If yes:		. —			
APOE		E2/E2	☐ E2/E4 ☐ E3,☐ Not Done	/E3	
Has a	GWAS been completed	l? □ No	Yes		

Patient ID:
SAMPLE COLLECTION: PLASMA COLLECTION
Status: Collected Not Collected
Reason not collected:
Date Plasma Samples Collected:/(MM/DD/YYYY)
Time since last meal: (hours)
Time Collected:: (24 hour clock)
Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no middle name)
Number of 0.25 mL plasma aliquots:
Plasma cryovials used: Wheaton CryoElite Simport Micrewtube WWR Screw-Cap Microcentrifuge (Not approved for use after 05/20/2024) Other (specify):
Plasma cryovial volume: 0.5 ml 0ther (specify):
Number of 1 mL packed cell aliquots for DNA:
Temperature of Centrifugation: °C
Did plasma remain pink after centrifugation, indicating hemolysis?
Storage temperature: °C
Were there any deviations?
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that apply): Sample tube was not inverted 5-10 times Sample not spun within 2 hours of collection Spun 2-3 hours after collection Spun 3-4 hours after collection Spun 4+ hours after collection Sample not spun at 2000g Spun slower than 2000g Spun faster than 2000g Spun faster than 2000g Sample not spun for 10 minutes Spun <10 minutes Spun >10 minutes Placed on dry ice or in -80° C freezer immediately after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer within 30 minutes of aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 30-60 minutes after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 60+ minutes after aliquoting
Other deviation (specify):

Patient ID:	

SAMPLE COLLECTION: SERUM COLLECTION
Status: Collected Not Collected
Reason not collected:
Date Serum Samples Collected:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Time since last meal: (hours)
Time Collected: : (24 hour clock)
Collector's Initials: (enter dash if no middle name)
Number of 0.25 mL aliquots:
Serum cryovials used: Wheaton CryoElite Simport Micrewtube VWR Screw-Cap Microcentrifuge (Not approved for use after 05/20/2024) Other (specify):
Serum cryovial volume: 0.5 ml Other (specify):
Temperature of Centrifugation: °C
Did serum remain pink after centrifugation, indicating hemolysis?
Storage temperature: °C
Were there any deviations?
If YES, indicate deviations below (select all that apply): After collection, sample not allowed to sit in vertical position for 30-60 minutes (select all that apply): Sample not kept vertical Sample did not sit for 30-60 minutes after collection Sample sat <30 minutes Sample sat >60 minutes Sample not spun at 2000g Spun slower than 2000g Spun faster than 2000g Sample not spun for 10 minutes Spun <10 minutes Spun <10 minutes Spun >10 minutes Placed on dry ice or in -80° C freezer immediately after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer within 30 minutes of aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 30-60 minutes after aliquoting Placed on dry ice or in freezer 60+ minutes after aliquoting
Other deviation (specify):

	<u>IMAGING</u>
Was an MRI performed at this visit?] No
<u> </u>	reason:
Date of Imaging: / /	(MM/DD/YYYY)
Were there any deviations from the imaging	protocol? No Yes
If yes, please specify:	
FAZEKAS	
Was a Fazekas score assigned?	Yes
Initials of Fazekas score assessor:	
Peri-Ventricular Fazekas Extent Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – Caps or pencil-thin lining ☐ Grade 2 – Smooth haloing ☐ Grade 3 – Irregular WMH extending into DWM ☐ Unknown/ N/A
Deep Fazekas Extent Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – Punctate lesions ☐ Grade 2 – Beginning confluent lesions ☐ Grade 3 – Confluent lesions ☐ Unknown/ N/A
Deep Fazekas Lesion Count Grade:	☐ Grade 0 – No lesions ☐ Grade 1 – 1-4 lesions ☐ Grade 2 – 5-9 lesions ☐ Grade 3 – >9 lesions ☐ Unknown/ N/A
Overall Fazekas Score : (Maximum s Fazekas Ext	score of Peri-Ventricular Fazekas Extent Grade and Deep ent Grade)

Patient ID:
LACUNES AND MICROBLEEDS
Was the scan assessed for lacunes and microbleeds?
Initials of lacune and microbleed assessor:
Does the participant have ≥1 lacune? □ No □ Yes
If ≥1 lacune, please select all the regions where lacunes are present:
□ Deep: □ ≤2 □ >2 □ Lobar: □ ≤2 □ >2
Does the participant have ≥1 microbleed? □ No □ Yes
If ≥1 microbleed, please select all the regions where microbleeds are present:
Lobar (supratentorial): ≤4 >4 Deep (supratentorial): ≤4 >4 Cerebellar (cortical): ≤4 >4 Cerebellar (deep): ≤4 >4 Brainstem: ≤4 >4

	Markvcidz CRF P	ackag	e: ronow-u	ip visit
Patient ID: _				
	MED	<u> </u>	<u>ONS</u>	
Were the pat	ient's medications recorded?	☐ No	☐ Ye	S
If not collecte	ed, reason not collected:			
Date of Collection: / (MM/DD/YYYY)				
Is the patient currently taking any medications? No Yes				
Currently Taking	Medication Name		Currently Taking	Medication Name
	acetaminophen-Hydrocodone			conjugate estrogens (Cenestin,

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	acetaminophen-Hydrocodone (Vicodin)
	Albuterol (Proventil, Ventolin, Volmax)
	alendronate (Fosamax)
	allopurinol (Aloprim, Lopurin, Zyloprim)
	alprazolam (Niravam, Xanax)
	amlodipine (Norvasc)
	atenolol (Senormin, Tenormin)
	atorvastatin (Lipitor)
	benazepril (Lotensin)
	bupropion (Budeprion, Wellbutrin, Zyban)
	calcium acetate (Calphron, PhosLo)
	carbidopa-levodopa (Atamet, Sinemet)
	carvedilol (Coreg, Carvedilol)
	celecoxib (Celebrex)
	cetirizine (Zyrtec)
	citalopram (Celexa)
	clonazepam (Klonopin)
	clopidogrel (Plavix)

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	conjugate estrogens (Cenestin, Premarin)
	cyanocobalamin (Neuroforte-R, Vitamin B12)
	digoxin (Digitek, Lanoxin)
	diltiazem (Cardizem, Tiazac)
	donepezil (Aricept)
	duloxetine (Cymbalta)
	enalapril (Vasotec)
	ergocalciferol (Calciferol, Disdol, Vitamin D)
	escitalopram (Lexapro)
	esomeprazole (Nexium)
	estradiol (Estrace, Estrogel, Fempatch)
	ezetimibe (Zetia)
	ferrous sulfate (FeroSul, Iron Supplement)
	fexofenadine (Allegra)
	finasteride (Propecia, Proscar)
	fluoxetine (Prozac)
	fluticasone (Flovent)
	fluticasone nasal (Flonase, Veramyst)

	0	_
Patient ID:		

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	fluticasone-salmeterol (Advair)
	furosemide (Lasix)
	gabapentin (Neurontin)
	galantamine (Razadyne, Reminyl)
	glipizide (Glucotrol)
	hydrochlorothiazide (Esidrix, Hydrodiuril)
	hydrochlorothiazide- triamterene (Dyazide)
	latanoprost opthalmic (Xalatan)
	levothyroxine (Levothroid, Levoxyl, Synthroid)
	lisinopril (Prinivil, Zestril)
	lorazepam (Ativan)
	losartan (Cozaar)
	lovastatin (Altocor, Mevacor)
	meloxicam (Meloxicam, Mobic)
	memantine (Namenda)
	metformin (Glucophage, Riomet)
	metoprolol (Lopressor, Toprol- XL)
	mirtazapine (Remeron)
	montelukast (Singulair)
	naproxen (Aleve, Anaprox, Naprosyn)
	niacin (Niacor, Nico-400, Nicotinic Acid)
	nifedipine (Adalat, Procardia)
	nitroglycerin (Nitro-Bid, Nitro- Dur, Nitrostat)

Currently Taking	Medication Name
	omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (Omacor, Lovaza)
	omeprazole (Prilosec)
	oxybutynin (Ditropan, Urotrol)
	pantoprazole (Protonix)
	paroxetine (Paxil, Paxil CR, Pexeva)
	potassium chloride (K-Dur 10, K-Lor, Slow-K)
	pravastatin (Pravachol)
	quetiapine (Seroquel)
	ranitidine (Zantac)
	rivastigmine (Exelon)
	rosuvastatin (Crestor)
	sertraline (Zoloft)
	simvastatin (Zocor)
	tamsulosin (Flomax)
	terazosin (Hytrin)
	tramadol (Ryzolt, Ultram)
	trazodone (Desyrel)
	valsartan (Diovan)
	venlafaxine (Effexor)
	warfarin (Coumadin, Jantoven)
	zolpidem (Ambien)
	Other (specify):

Patient ID:			
BRAIN DONATION CONSENT			
Have study staff approached participant OR next of kin in life to discuss brain donation?	□ No	Yes	
(Note : State law dictates whether sites may receive traditional consen OR receive consent during the participant's life)	t at the time	of death by next of kin	
If no, reason not approached:			
Date approached:/ (MM/DD/YYYY)			
IF APPROACHED			
Was consent or indication of intent for brain donation received? No (participant or next of kin declined brain donation) Yes (participant or next of kin consented or indicated intent fo Information regarding brain donation was provided, but no co			
If consent or indication of intent for brain donation consent received was it received through a co-enrolled study?	l, No	Yes	
If yes, name of study:	·		

Patient ID:		
CONSENT FOR FUTURE CONTACT		
Has the participant consented to being contacted after the study for future research? Yes Not yet discussed with participant No (declined)		
If declined, reason:		
Has the informant agreed to being contacted after the study for future research? Yes Not yet discussed with informant Not applicable No		

Patient ID: __ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Criteria for Cognit	ive Diagnoses
Normal cognition:	Participant has normal cognition and does not have behavioral or language issues sufficient to diagnose MCI or dementia due to FTD or DLB.
	Normal cognition is defined as: 1.) No diagnosis of SCD, MCI, or dementia; AND 2.) CDR: Sum of Boxes = 0 AND neuropsychological testing within normal range.
SCD, confirmed	Select if the participant has:
diagnosis:	1.) Cognitive concerns based on a Short ECog-12 score ≥ 3 on any single item-level
	response (based on administration to participant), AND
	2.) Normal cognitive testing (neuropsychological testing within normal range)
MCI:	Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the clinical and cognitive criteria for MCI:
	 Is there a cognitive concern?, i.e., is the subject, the co-participant, or a clinician concerned about a change in cognition compared to the subject's previous level? Is there impairment in one or more cognitive domains (memory, language, executive function, attention, and visuospatial skills) that is greater than would be expected for the patient's age and educational background? Is there largely preserved independence in functional abilities (no change from prior level of functioning or requires only extra effort minimal aids or assistance)? Is there no evidence of dementia (cognitive changes are mild and there is no evidence of a significant impairment in social or occupational functioning)?
Dementia:	Review the criteria listed below to determine whether the subject meets the criteria for all-cause dementia. These criteria are modified from the McKhann all-cause dementia criteria (2011) to allow a single domain to be affected. The subject has cognitive or behavioral (neuropsychiatric) symptoms that meet all of the following criteria: • Interfere with ability to function as before at work or at usual activities? • Represent a decline from previous levels of functioning? • Are not explained by delirium or major psychiatric disorder? • Include cognitive impairment detected and diagnosed through a combination of 1) history-taking and 2) objective cognitive assessment (bedside or neuropsychological testing)? AND Impairment in one* or more of the following domains. - Impaired ability to acquire and remember new information - Impaired reasoning and handling of complex tasks, poor judgment - Impaired visuospatial abilities - Impaired language functions - Changes in personality, behavior, or comportment * In the event of single-domain impairment (e.g., language in PPA, behavior in bvFTD, posterior cortical atrophy), the subject must not fulfill criteria for MCI.